COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2008



For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

The Town of Windsor, Connecticut

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Prepared by:

Department of Financial Accounting & Reporting

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COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	INTRODUCTORY SECTION	Page
	Letter of Transmittal	i-v
	Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	vi
	Organization Chart - Windsor Town Government	vii
	Principal Town Officials	viii
II.	FINANCIAL SECTION	
	Independent Auditor's Report	1-2 3-11
	BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
	Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
	Statement of Net Assets (Deficits)	13 14
	Fund Financial Statements:	
	Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	15
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	16
	Reconciliation of the Statements of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in	17

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

II.	FINANCIAL SECTION, Continued	Page
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budgetary Basis – Budget and Actual – General Fund	18
	Statement of Net Assets (Deficits) – Proprietary Funds	19
	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets (Deficits) -Proprietary Funds	20
	Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	21
	Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds	22
	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets – Pension Trust Funds	23
	Notes to Financial Statements	24-56
	FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
	Combining Balance Sheet	58-59
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Unreserved Fund Balances	60-61
	ENTERPRISE FUNDS	
	Combining Statement of Net Assets – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	63
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	64
	Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	65

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	FIDUCIARY FUNDS	
	Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds	67-68
	CAPITAL ASSETS SCHEDULE	
	Schedule of Assets used in the Operation of Governmental Funds - Net of Depreciation	69
	OTHER SCHEDULES	
	Schedule of Property Taxes Levied, Collected and Outstanding	72-73
	Schedule of Changes in Bond Indebtedness	74-77
III.	STATISTICAL SECTION	
	Net Assets by Component	79
	Changes in Net Assets	80-81
	Program Revenues by Function/Program	82
	Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	84-85
	Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	86-87
	Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds	88
	Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	90-91
	Principal Property Taxpayers	92
	Property Tax Levies and Collections	94-95
	Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding by Type	96
	Direct Governmental Activities Deht	97

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

III. STATISTICAL SECTION, Continued

Legal Debt Margin Information	98-99
Schedule of Debt Limitation	100
Demographic and Economic Statistics	101
Principal Employers	102
Full-Time Equivalent Town Government Employees by Function/Program	104-107
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	108-109
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	110-111





December 30, 2008

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Windsor Town Council Town of Windsor, Connecticut

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

McGladrey & Pullen, LLP, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unqualified opinion on the Town of Windsor, Connecticut's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2008. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial statement section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the Town of Windsor, Connecticut was part of a broader state and federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal and state grantor agencies. The standards governing the Federal and State Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal and state awards. These reports are available in the Town of Windsor, Connecticut's separately issued Federal and State Compliance Reports.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

The financial reporting entity (the government) includes all the funds of the primary government (i.e., the Town of Windsor as legally defined), as well as all of its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. There are no agencies or entities that should be, but are not, combined with the financial statements of the Town.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Windsor for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. This was the 23rd consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ORGANIZATION

Description of the Town and Organization

Windsor is the location of the first English settlement in Connecticut, settled in 1633 by a congregation relocating from the Plymouth Colony. Bordering Hartford to the north, Windsor covers a 31.1 square mile area on the west bank of the Connecticut River. It is located an equal distance from New York and Boston. The Town center is only minutes from Bradley International Airport and is also well served by a main line railway between Boston and New York. Interstate 91, a major expressway to New York and northern New England, traverses the Town, as does the Farmington River.

The Town of Windsor is organized under the Council Manager form of government. The Town Charter was recognized in the 1947 session of the General Assembly of Connecticut and approved by a referendum vote of the Town in the same year. It has been amended by a special act of the State Legislature and in 1998 by local referenda under the permissive features of the home rule law for Connecticut municipalities.

A bipartisan Council of nine members elected biennially performs the legislative function. The Town Council elects a Mayor from its membership for the two year term. The Town Manager is the Chief Executive Officer of the Town and is directly responsible to the Town Council for the administration of municipal operations.

The Town provides a comprehensive range of municipal services as directed by the statutes of the State of Connecticut and the charter of the Town of Windsor. These include: education, library, recreation, health, social services, police and fire protection, regulation of commercial development, construction and maintenance of public infrastructure, and general administrative services.

Other highly desirable services are available, without impact on the taxpayer, through the Town of Windsor's three self-supporting enterprise funds. A Sanitary Landfill is operated in conjunction with the Town of Bloomfield; the Discovery Center provides day care to Windsor residents and employees of local businesses; and the Caring Connection provides an alternative to institutional care for elderly and

handicapped adults in the Town. The Landfill will continue accepting municipal solid waste (MSW) until the current permitted elevations are reached pursuant to resolution of the Town Council.

In addition to general government activities, the Town Council oversees the Town of Windsor Retirement Plan and it is therefore included in this reporting entity. However, the Metropolitan District Commission, the Wilson and Windsor Fire Districts and the Windsor Volunteer Ambulance Association have not met the established criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity, and accordingly are excluded from this report.

Use of this report by Town Service Units is encouraged when furnishing information to interested parties.

Economic Condition and Outlook

Long-term planning for the efficient use of the Town's land resources began in 1924, and was most recently updated in 2004. Comprehensive zoning regulations were first adopted in 1931 and have been revised periodically as necessary. Residential development in Windsor is primarily of the single family, owner-occupied type, but with some multi-family rental as well as condominium development in recent years spurred by the rise in the cost of individual home ownership and the desire for a mix of housing options for a growing population. With large tracts of land once dedicated principally to agricultural use located at its northern and western perimeter, the Town has been able to make significant progress in attracting new commerce and industry. Regional as well as national and multi-national firms now located in Windsor produce a wide variety of products and services including information, communications and aerospace technologies, power research and development, industrial coatings, financial services, automotive engine components, castings and other machinery in addition to several agencies of State government.

The Windsor Town Council adopted a formal, written Economic Development Policy. This policy not only identifies the incentives that are available to companies looking to locate in Windsor, but also clearly outlines the services that Town officials will provide to new and existing businesses. The Town has committed to working with new businesses through all phases of their preparations and ultimate move to Windsor. Town officials are committed to assisting businesses and their consultants to: pre-plan facilities and operations; find an appropriate site; secure project financing through either government sponsored programs such as those of the Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development, or private sector financial institutions; obtain Town Board and Commission approvals; design appropriate, cost effective, code compliant facilities; obtain necessary permits; and open their facilities as expeditiously as possible. The Town is committed to providing similar, appropriate services for existing businesses in addition to trying to address any concerns that these businesses experience with either local or regional issues.

A strategic location on I-91 and adjoining Bradley International Airport and more than 1.8 million square feet of office and 5.6 million square feet of industrial/flex space make Windsor an important regional employment center. Windsor maintains a diversified economic base. Major industries include business and financial services, precision and high-tech manufacturing, software development, regional distribution, data management and hospitality.

Among the nationally known firms with Windsor locations are ING, Valassis Inc., Aetna, American Airlines, Walgreens, CIGNA, The Hartford, Westinghouse, Konica Minolta, Xerox, ADP, and Pitney Bowes. Windsor has become a haven for foreign-owned companies in the Hartford area. Sixteen companies from Europe and Asia employ more than 2.500 persons here.

In addition to encouraging business expansions and relocations, the Town of Windsor has also focused energy to facilitate reuse of underutilized buildings and parcels of land in town center and older areas of town. This multi-pronged approach provides a balanced strategy for future development by taking advantage of existing infrastructure and service amenities.

Financial Information

The Town's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that its assets are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow managing spending within prescribable budget limitations and for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (I) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the Town's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

The Finance Department is responsible for providing the financial services for the Town including: property tax assessment, tax collection, financial accounting and reporting, payroll and accounts payable, disbursement functions, debt management, purchasing and special financial analysis, and benefits processing. In the current year, the Town adopted the retroactive reporting of infrastructure as allowed under GASB No. 34.

Long-Range Financial Planning

Annually, the Town Manager prepares a six-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) in accordance with the Town Charter, which is reviewed by the Capital Improvements Committee, Finance Committee, and Town Council. The approved 2008-2015 CIP includes various projects for road improvements, building renovations, new building facilities, major equipment purchases, and other capital improvements totaling \$124,581,500.

Included in the six-year CIP is a recommended Annual Capital Expenditure Budget for the current fiscal year. The FY 2008 capital expenditure budget approved by the Town Council, and special Town Meeting and citizen referendum when required, totaled \$6,300,000 and included multiple road and facilities projects.

As part of the capital planning improvements process, the Town extensively evaluates the funding for all projects and prioritization by conducting a comprehensive debt analysis which includes a review of the current debt and the impact of incurring future debt on the Town's mill rate and debt service, which includes a review of a number of affordability ratios, review of various debt structures, impact on future operating budgets, interest rate environment and other related reviews. The Town has also been proactive with regard to seeking opportunities to refinance outstanding debt to further mitigate the impact on the Town's operating budget.

The Town also instituted preparation of a five-year budget forecast which is prepared by the Town Manager and Finance Director and presented to the Finance Committee and Town Council for review and

discussion. This process allows the town to look at issues such as budget sustainability and institute revenue and budgetary changes sooner rather than later in anticipation of future events.

Cash Management

Cash investments are made during the year in certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements and treasury bills. The Pension Trust Fund, which is managed by outside investment advisors, also has investments in general investment contracts, short-term money market accounts, corporate debt and common and preferred stock.

Pension Administrator

The Town of Windsor is an administrator of a single employer public employee retirement systems ("PERS") which covers most Town employees as well as non-certified staff of the Board of Education. Police officers participate in the state run Municipal Employees Retirement Fund B ("MERF-B"), In addition, Board of Education teachers are fully covered by the non-contributory State Teachers' Retirement System.

Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss including torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health; and natural disasters. The Town generally obtains commercial insurance for these risks, but has chosen to retain the risks for workers' compensation claims. Under the Town's current policy, the Windsor insurance fund covers all worker compensation claims up to \$500,000 per claim with a stop-loss policy covering amounts exceeding the limit.

Independent Audit

State statutes require an annual audit be conducted by independent certified public accountants. In compliance with this requirement, the Town Council selected McGladrey & Pullen, LLP to perform the audit for fiscal year 2008. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports related specifically to the Federal and State Single Audit Acts are included in separate documents.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the hard work and dedication of the Finance Department staff, Cortney Keegan, Finance Director; James Bourke, Assistant Finance Director; Linda Collins, Town Accountant and Kelly Barrett, Budget Analyst. Their invaluable assistance made the preparation of this report an easier task.

Sincerely,

Peter Souza Town Manager

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Windsor Connecticut

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2007

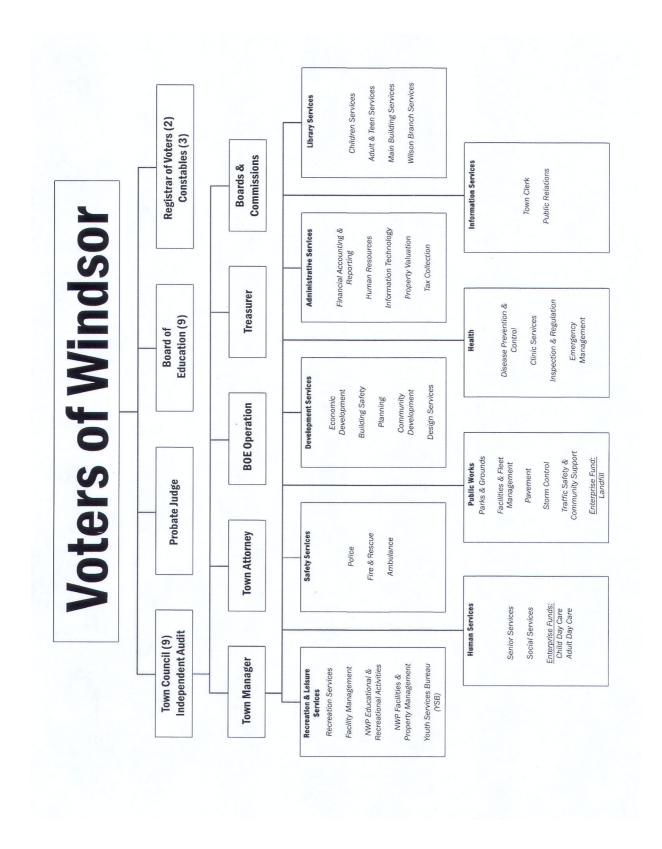
A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

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President

Executive Director

Offry R. Ener



PRINCIPAL TOWN OFFICIALS As of June 30, 2008

Town Council

Donald S. Trinks, Mayor
Alan J. Simon, Deputy Mayor
Ronald C. Eleveld
Donald A. Jepsen, Jr.
Matthew A. Marci
Randy P. McKenney
Robert L. Rispoli
Robert B. Gegetskas, II
William H. Herzfeld

Board of Education

Milo Peck (President)
Adam Gutcheon
Lucille Browne
Doreen E. Richardson (Secretary)
Ana Cristina Santos
Christopher J. Watts
Paul J. Panos (Minority Leader)
Patricia M. DiGiore
Howard Jubrey, Jr.

Appointed Officials

Peter Souza, Town Manager

Betty E. Feser, Ed.D., Superintendent of Schools Randall I. Graff, Town Treasurer O'Malley, Deneen, Leary, Messina & Oswecki, Town Attorney

Financial Section

McGladrey & Pullen

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Town Council Town of Windsor, Connecticut

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Windsor, Connecticut as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in "Government Auditing Standards" issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Windsor, Connecticut as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary information for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with "Government Auditing Standards," we have also issued our report dated December 30, 2008 on our consideration of the Town of Windsor, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with "Government Auditing Standards" and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 11 is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The introductory section, budgetary detail, combining and individual nonmajor fund statements, capital assets schedule, other schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The budgetary detail, combining and individual nonmajor fund statements and schedules, capital asset schedule and other schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory sections, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. This information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

McGladry of Pullen, LLP

New Haven, Connecticut December 30, 2008

Town of Windsor, Connecticut Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2008

As management of the Town of Windsor, Connecticut (the "Town") we offer readers of the financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Windsor for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here along with additional information we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, as well as the Town's basic financial statements that follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- On a government-wide basis, the assets of the Town of Windsor exceeded its liabilities resulting in total net assets at the close of the fiscal year of \$81.1 million. Total net assets for Governmental Activities at fiscal year-end were \$89.1 million, which was an increase of \$.8 million. Total net (deficits) for Business-Type Activities were (\$7.9 million), which was a decrease of \$2.7 million. The net deficit for Business-Type Activities is due to the accrual of closure and post-closure costs for the landfill.
- Government-wide expenses were \$109.0 million (an increase of \$6.1 million), while revenues were \$112.5 million, an increase of \$4.4 million.
- At the close of the year, the Town's governmental funds reported, on a current financial resource basis, combined ending fund balances of \$26.4 million, an increase of \$1.7 million from the prior fiscal year. Of the total fund balance as of June 30, 2008, \$23.2 million is the combined unreserved and undesignated fund balance in the general fund, special revenue funds, capital projects funds and debt service fund.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance for the general fund alone was \$13.9 million, an increase of \$.2 million from the prior fiscal year. Of the total General Fund balance as of June 30, 2008, \$13.2 million represents unreserved, undesignated General Fund fund balance. Unreserved, undesignated General Fund fund balance at year-end represents 13.7% of total FY08 General Fund expenditures and transfers, and 13.6% of FY09 budgeted expenditures and transfers.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information as well as the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Windsor's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business. All of the resources the Town has at its disposal are shown, including major assets such as buildings and infrastructure. A thorough accounting of the cost of government is rendered because the statements present all costs, not just how

much was collected and disbursed. They provide both long-term and short-term information about the Town's overall financial status.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. One can think of the Town's net assets – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure the Town's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating. It speaks to the question of whether or not the Town, as a whole, is better or worse off as a result of this year's activities. Other non-financial factors will need to be considered, however, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's infrastructure, to assess the overall health of the Town of Windsor.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flow in some future fiscal period; uncollected taxes are an example.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town of Windsor that are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business type activities).

- Governmental activities of the Town of Windsor encompass most of the Town's basic services and include general government, public safety, public works, human services, culture and recreation, and education. Property taxes, charges for services and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities of the Town of Windsor include the Landfill, Child Development operation, and the Adult Caring Connection operation. They are reported here as the Town charges fees to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of operations.

The government-wide financial statements (statement of net assets and statement of activities) can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control and accountability over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Town has three kinds of funds:

<u>Governmental funds.</u> Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers

may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains nine (9) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation as other governmental funds. Non-major governmental funds for the Town of Windsor include the Community Development Block Grant, Cafeteria Fund, Educational Grant Programs, Other Special Revenue Funds, J. Bartash Trust Fund, Treehouse Funds, and Debt Service. The report provides individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds in the combining balance sheets on pages 58-59 and in the combining statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance on pages 60-61.

The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the authorized budget. The statements of General Fund revenues on a budgetary basis and General Fund expenditures, encumbrances and transfers out on a budgetary basis can be found on page 18.

The basic governmental fund financial statements (balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances) can be found on pages 15-16 of this report.

<u>Proprietary funds.</u> The Town of Windsor maintains two different types of proprietary funds, enterprise funds and an internal service fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Windsor uses enterprise funds to account for its Landfill, Child Development, and Adult Caring Connection operations.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate certain costs internally among the Town of Windsor's various functions. The Town of Windsor uses one (1) internal service fund to account for its risk management costs related to Workers' Compensation, Property, Liability and Employee Health Insurance. Because these internal services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Landfill Enterprise Fund which is considered to be the only major proprietary fund of the Town of Windsor. The report combines the Adult Caring Connection and Child Development operation into the non-major funds of the Town of Windsor. Individual fund data for the internal service fund is also provided as a separate column in the proprietary fund financial statements. The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 19-21 of this report.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u>. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to provide services to the Town's constituency. The Town has one pension trust fund and three agency funds. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to the accounting for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements are in pages 22-23 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are in pages 24 to 56 of this report.

The notes to this report also contain certain supplementary information concerning the Town of Windsor's funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position and an important determinant of its ability to finance services in the future. The Town's governmental activities assets exceeded liabilities by \$89.1 million on June 30, 2008, which was an increase of \$797 thousand.

TOWN OF WINDSOR CONNECTICUT NET ASSETS (\$000's) June 30, 2008 and 2007

		nmental ivities	Busines Activ	Total Percentage Change			
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2007-08</u>
Current and other assets	\$ 41,650	\$ 40,688	\$ 26,306	\$ 22,834	\$ 67,956	\$ 63,522	7.0%
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	101,744	102,320	221	325	101,965	102,645	-0.7%
Total Assets	143,394	143,008	26,527	23,159	169,921	166,167	2.3%
Current liabilities	14,820	14,225	1,715	1,972	16,535	16,197	2.1%
Long-term liabilities outstanding	39,510	40,516	32,739	31,801	72,249	72,317	-0.1%
Total Liabilities	54,330	54,741	34,454	33,773	88,784	88,514	0.3%
Net Assets (Deficits):							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	59,635	58,558	221	325	59,856	58,883	1.7%
Unrestricted	29,429	29,709	(8,148)	(10,939)	21,281	18,770	13.4%
Total Net Assets (Deficits)	\$ 89,064	\$ 88,267	\$ (7,927)	\$ (10,614)	\$ 81,137	\$ 77,653	4.5%

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Windsor is able to report positive balances of \$81.1 million in net assets for the government as a whole, but negative net assets for its business type activities. The negative value is solely attributable to the cost for accruing a pro rata portion of the closure and post-closure costs for the town's landfill.

By far, the largest portion of the Town of Windsor's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Windsor's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

TOWN OF WINDSOR CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (DEFICITS) (\$000's) For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

		Gover Act	nmen			Busine Acti	ess-Ty		Т	otal		Total Percentage Change
		2008		2007		2008		2007	2008		2007	2007-08
Revenues:												<u> </u>
Program Revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	6,371	\$	8,385	\$	5,459	\$	5,767	\$ 11,830	\$	14,152	-16.4%
Operating grants and												
contributions		23,485		17,512		-		-	23,485		17,512	34.1%
Capital grants and												
contributions		54		1,159		-		-	54		1,159	-95.3%
General Revenues:												
Property taxes		71,319		69,017		-		-	71,319		69,017	3.3%
Grants not restricted to												
specific programs		2,588		2,627		-		-	2,588		2,627	-1.5%
Unrestricted investment												
earnings		2,142		2,681		1,084		778	 3,226		3,459	-6.7%
Total revenues		105,959		101,381		6,543		6,545	 112,502		107,926	4.2%
Expenses:												
General Government		12,369		11,124		-		-	12,369		11,124	11.2%
Culture & Recreation		3,933		3,579		-		-	3,933		3,579	9.9%
Human Services		1,476		1,394		-		-	1,476		1,394	5.9%
Public Works		7,901		7,830		-		-	7,901		7,830	0.9%
Education		68,567		64,184		-		-	68,567		64,184	6.8%
Public Safety		9,157		8,896		-		-	9,157		8,896	2.9%
Interest expense		1,759		1,566		-		-	1,759		1,566	12.3%
Landfill		-		-		2,049		2,636	2,049		2,636	-22.3%
Child Development		-		-		1,197		1,112	1,197		1,112	7.6%
Adult Caring Connection		-		-		610		567	610		567	7.6%
Total expenses		105,162		98,573		3,856		4,315	109,018		102,888	6.0%
Excess of revenues												
over expenses												
before transfers	_	797		2,808	_	2,687		2,230	 3,484		5,038	-30.8%
Extraordinary Item:												
State teachers' on-behalf payments		(16,336)		-		-		-	(16,336)		-	100.0%
State teachers' on-behalf revenues		16,336		-		-		-	16,336		-	100.0%
Total extraordinary item		-		-		-		-	-		-	
Change in net assets		797		2,808		2,687		2,230	3,484		5,038	-30.8%
Net assets (deficits)-beginning		88,267		85,459		(10,614)		(12,844)	 77,653		72,615	6.9%
Net assets (deficits)-ending	\$	89,064	\$	88,267	\$	(7,927)	\$	(10,614)	\$ 81,137	\$	77,653	4.5%

Governmental Activities

Approximately 67.8% of the revenues came from property taxes, followed by 24.7% from State and Federal Government program revenues, then 7.5% from other revenue sources.

Major revenue factors included:

- Property tax revenues recorded for fiscal year 2008 were based on Town's tax rate remaining the same at 29.30 mills and an increase in the total assessed value of all taxable property of \$98,501,540 or 4.3% from the previous year.
- Increase in State School Aid of \$1,254,516 and Telecommunications tax of \$62,209.
- Increase in building permit revenue of \$450,250.

For Governmental Activities, approximately 65.2% for 2008 of the Town's expenses relate to education (versus 65.1% in FY07), 8.7% (versus 9.0% in FY07) relate to public safety, 11.8% (vs. 11.3% in FY07) to general government, 7.5% (vs. 8.0% in FY07) relate to public works, 3.7% (vs. 3.7% in FY07) to culture and recreation, 1.4% to human services (vs. 1.4% in FY07), and 1.7% (vs. 1.6% in FY07) to interest on long-term debt.

Major expense factors include:

- ◆ Increases in Town employee wages ranged from approximately 3.00 4.17%, resulting from negotiated step and general wage increases.
- Employee health insurance costs for town employees rose approximately 5.9%, dental costs dropped approximately 36%, and prescription costs dropped approximately 4.2%.
- The cost of education services increased, due to wage settlements, employee health insurance cost increases, special education cost increases, and program enhancements.

Business-Type Activities

• There was a net gain in Business Type Activities of \$2.69 million. This was due primarily to an increase in charges for services, an increase in investment earnings and the landfill activity.

Financial Analysis of the Fund Financial Statements

As noted earlier, the Town of Windsor uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental funds.</u> The focus of the Town of Windsor's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Windsor's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Windsor's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$26.4 million, an increase from \$24.8 million the previous year. Approximately 87.5% of the total fund balance constitutes unreserved, undesignated fund balance. The remainder of the

fund balance is reserved or designated, which indicates that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for other items such as encumbrances.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Windsor. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved undesignated fund balance of the General Fund was \$13.1 million, while total fund balance reached \$13.9 million (compared to \$12.3 million and \$13.6 million in FY07). As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 13.7% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 14.5% of that same amount.

As stated earlier, the fund balance of the Town of Windsor's General Fund increased by approximately \$260 thousand during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

- Property tax receipts were \$415 thousand above budgeted estimates.
- Revenue from unrestricted interest earnings were \$72 thousand above budgeted estimates;
 building permits were \$465 thousand above budgeted estimates; and special education tuition charges were \$110 thousand above budgeted estimates.

The Capital Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$6.9 million (\$5.9 million is unreserved, undesignated) up from a balance of \$6.3 million in the prior year (\$5.0 million in unreserved). The increase is explained by \$.4 million of new bond anticipation note proceeds and transfers in versus \$2.6 million in the prior year.

<u>Proprietary funds.</u> The Town of Windsor's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The net (deficit) of the Landfill Fund at the end of the year were approximately \$(8.9) million with unrestricted net (deficit) of approximately \$(9.1) million compared to \$(11.5) million and \$(11.8) million in the prior year. The Landfill Fund had a net gain during the year of approximately \$2.6 million compared with a net gain of \$2.1 million in the prior year. This is due primarily to the capacity change and the accrual of landfill closure cost.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was approximately \$1.56 million. The additional appropriations approved during the year are summarized below:

 An additional appropriation of \$500,000 to the debt service fund; \$487,700 to fund a road infrastructure project; \$29,294 for a CL&P claim, \$125,000 for a culvert replacement; and \$400,000 for an open space fund project.

During the year, actual revenues, on a budgetary basis were approximately \$92.0 million, which was more than budgetary estimates by approximately \$2.3 million. The major variances in revenues were increases in unrestricted interest earnings over estimates of \$72 thousand; increases in building permit revenue over estimates of \$450 thousand; increases in State education aid grants over estimates of \$1.3 million.

Actual expenditures and transfers out on a budgetary basis and other financing uses totaled \$91.2 million, below actual revenues on a budgetary basis by approximately \$788 thousand.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

<u>Capital assets.</u> The Town of Windsor's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2008, amounted to \$102.1 million (net of accumulated depreciation) compared to \$102.6 million in the prior fiscal year. This slight decrease from the prior year is due to the new construction in progress less depreciation of existing assets. This investment in capital assets includes land, building and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, sewers and bridges.

TOWN OF WINDSOR CONNECTICUT CAPITAL ASSETS (net of depreciation) June 30, 2008

	Business- Governmental Type Activities Activities				Total		
Land	\$	4,388	\$	-	\$ 4,388		
Construction in Progress		3,975		-	3,975		
Buildings and improvements		69,578		134	69,712		
Infrastructure		20,864		-	20,864		
Machinery and equipment		2,938		87	3,025		
Total	\$	101,743	\$	221	\$ 101,964		

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

TOWN OF WINDSOR CONNECTICUT

General obligation bonds

- 2006 International Drive Infrastructure improvements
- Day Hill Road Reconstruction

Additional information on the Town of Windsor's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.

<u>Long-term debt.</u> At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Windsor had total bonded debt outstanding of \$43.7 million. 100% of this debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the Town government.

OUTSTANDING DEBT	
June 30, 2008	
	Governmental Activities

43,743,000

The Town of Windsor's total debt decreased by \$482 thousand or 1.1% during the current fiscal year compared to a 4.8% decrease in the prior year. During FY08, the Town issued \$3.743 million of new bonds.

The Town of Windsor maintains an Aa2 rating from Moody's Investors Service, and was upgraded to a rating of AAA from Standard & Poor's.

The overall statutory debt limit for the Town of Windsor is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation or \$499.2 million, up from \$477.0 million. As of June 30, 2008, the Town recorded long-term debt of \$43.7 million related to Governmental Activities, well below its statutory debt limits.

Additional information on the Town of Windsor's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 of this report.

Economic Factors

The Town of Windsor has not been immune to the effects of the national economic downturn. As of October 2008, the unemployment rate for the Windsor Labor Market Area was 5.9%, up from 4.2% in the prior year.

The economy is showing continued declines and fiscal stress. Nevertheless, the Town of Windsor is has tried to position itself to deal with the present economic situation. The FY08 budget realized some increases in interest income mitigating the effect of some of the budget increases. With an overwhelming reliance on property taxes, Windsor's income stream may prove to be rather stable, even during a recession. This lack of diversity does represent a long-term problem for all Connecticut municipalities as those most vulnerable to a specific tax rebel against its increase. The Town's high quality tax base (a diverse mix of business, rather than reliance on a few large employers) lends even more stability to the Town's revenue. The Town has had an active program to attract and retain firms for well over a decade, and prides itself on a fast development approval process. Windsor has positioned itself as a destination address for office and commercial development. This increased development will lend itself to an increase in the valuation in coming years. Statistics on growth for the last ten years is available in the statistical section of this CAFR.

Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Windsor's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance at 275 Broad Street, Windsor, CT 06095.

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (DEFICITS)

June 30, 2008

		Primary Government									
	G 	Business-Type Activities			Total						
Assets											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	36,513,868	\$	26,073,032	\$	62,586,900					
Receivables:											
Property taxes, net of allowance for collection losses		1,068,109		-		1,068,109					
Accounts receivable		500,030		-		500,030					
Customer receivables		8,178		382,490		390,668					
Federal and state governments		1,712,442		-		1,712,442					
Community rehabilitation loans, net		1,535,035		-		1,535,035					
Inventories		48,724		-		48,724					
Internal balances		150,000		(150,000)		-					
Deferred charges		114,965		-		114,965					
Capital assets, not being depreciated		8,363,713		-		8,363,713					
Capital assets, being depreciated, net of depreciation		93,379,745		221,335		93,601,080					
Total assets		143,394,809		26,526,857		169,921,666					
Liabilities											
Accounts payable and accruals		4,029,033		322,119		4,351,152					
BANS Payable		2,345,000		_		2,345,000					
Accrued interest payable		553,640		-		553,640					
Advance tax collections		3,089,965		_		3,089,965					
Unearned revenues		239,586		28,596		268,182					
Noncurrent liabilities:											
Due within one year		4,563,466		1,364,128		5,927,594					
Due in more than one year		39,509,638		32,739,075		72,248,713					
Total liabilities		54,330,328		34,453,918		88,784,246					
Net Assets (Deficits)											
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		59,634,623		221,335		59,855,958					
Unrestricted (deficit)		29,429,858		(8,148,396)		21,281,462					
Total net assets (deficits)	\$	89,064,481	\$	(7,927,061)	\$	81,137,420					

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

									Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets						
			Program Revenues				Primary Government								
				Operating		Capital									
			Charges for	G	rants and	(Grants and		Governmental		Business-type				
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services	Contributions		Contributions		Activities		Activities			Total		
Primary government:															
Governmental activities:															
General government	\$ (12,368,532) \$	2,960,987	\$	3,484,538	\$	_	\$	(5,923,007)	\$	_	\$	(5,923,007)		
Culture & recreation	(3,932,257		852,132	*	77,013	*	_	*	(3,003,112)	,	-	•	(3,003,112)		
Human services	(1,475,799		106,330		174,974		_		(1,194,495)		-		(1,194,495)		
Public works	(7,900,922	•	66,075		205,717		_		(7,629,130)		-		(7,629,130)		
Education	(68,566,869	•	1,797,684		19,477,942		54,135		(47,237,108)		-		(47,237,108)		
Public safety	(9,157,357	•	588,112		65,236				(8,504,009)		_		(8,504,009)		
Interest expense	(1,759,337	•	-		-		_		(1,759,337)		-		(1,759,337)		
Total governmental activities	(105,161,073		6,371,320		23,485,420		54,135		(75,250,198)		-		(75,250,198)		
Dunings to a path Wise															
Business-type activities: Landfill	(2.040.042	١	2 645 524								1 EOG EO1		1 506 501		
	(2,048,943	•	3,645,534 1,168,468		-		-		-		1,596,591		1,596,591		
Child development	(1,197,174 (610,401		645,399		-		-		-		(28,706) 34,998		(28,706) 34,998		
Adult caring connection Total business-type activities			5,459,401		-				-	—	1,602,883				
Total business-type activities	(3,856,518	<u> </u>	5,459,401		-		-	-	-		1,002,883		1,602,883		
Total primary government	\$ (109,017,591) \$	11,830,721	\$	23,485,420	\$	54,135		(75,250,198)		1,602,883		(73,647,315)		
General reve	nues:														
Property ta	ixes								71,318,509		-		71,318,509		
	d contributions not restrict	ed to spe	ecific programs						2,587,585		-		2,587,585		
	ed investment earnings								2,141,587		1,084,475		3,226,062		
	neral revenues								76,047,681		1,084,475		77,132,156		
Extraordina	on <i>r</i>														
	ary. achers' on-behalf paymer	te							(16,336,000)		_		(16,336,000)		
	acher's on-behalf revenue								16,336,000		-		16,336,000		
State tea	acrier 3 ori-berian revenue	•							-		<u> </u>		-		
Change	in net assets								797,483		2,687,358		3,484,841		
Not accord (d	eficits) - beginning								88,266,998		(10,614,419)		77,652,579		
	eficits) - beginning eficits) - ending							Φ	89,064,481	\$	(7,927,061)	\$	81,137,420		
iver assers (u	endis) - ending							\$	03,004,401	Ψ	(1,321,001)	ψ	01,101,420		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

D/ 12/ 11102 011221	0012
June 30, 2008	

		Maio	r Fund:	s		Other Nonmajor		Total
				Capital	-	Governmental		Governmental
		General		Projects		Funds		Funds
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	19,229,173	\$	9,379,347	\$	4,023,219	\$	32,631,739
Receivables (net of allowances for collection losses):								
Property taxes		1,068,109		-		-		1,068,109
Accounts receivable		68,770		200,000		231,260		500,030
State and Federal governments		1,593,038		-		119,404		1,712,442
Community rehabilitation loans, net		442.007		450,000		1,535,035		1,535,035
Due from other funds		413,997		150,000		600,858		1,164,855
Inventories Total assets	<u> </u>	40,758	\$	9,729,347	\$	7,966	•	48,724
i otai assets	\$	22,413,845	ð	9,729,347	Ą	6,517,742	\$	38,660,934
Liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	2,299,268	\$	440,537	\$	230,969	\$	2,970,774
BANS Payable	·	-	·	2,345,000		-	,	2,345,000
Advanced tax collection		3,089,965		-		-		3,089,965
Unearned revenues		-		-		239,586		239,586
Deferred revenues		2,477,869		-		-		2,477,869
Due to other funds		675,973		-		413,997		1,089,970
Total liabilities	·	8,543,075		2,785,537		884,552		12,213,164
Encumbrances Inventories Loans Unreserved/designated for: Future appropriations Unreserved/undesignated, reported in: General Fund Special revenue funds Capital projects funds Debt service fund Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances Amounts report	\$	160,497 40,758 - 500,000 13,169,515 - - 13,870,770 22,413,845 ental activities in ti	\$ he stati	1,046,673 	\$	7,966 1,535,035 - - 3,773,977 - 316,212 5,633,190 6,517,742	_	1,207,170 48,724 1,535,035 500,000 13,169,515 3,773,977 5,897,137 316,212 26,447,770
Capital a gover	are different becausesets, net of accunmental funds are	umulated deprecia e reported as exp	enditur	es, however, the				
	nent of net assets		apital a	issets among				
	sets of the Town	as a whole.						101,743,458
Deferred	-	4						114,965
	revenues are not	t available and th	ereiore	not recognized				0.477.000
	funds.	dina handa navah	la ara	not due and nou	مامام			2,477,869
	m liabilities, includ current period an				able			(44.070.404)
Internal s	service funds are anagement to ind	used by manage	ment to	charge the costs	s of			(44,073,104)
	internal service fu				es			
	statement of net		3		-			2,907,163
	interest payable							(553,640
								·
Net assets of g	governmental acti	vities					\$	89,064,481

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS $\begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \end{tabular}$

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

						Other		
	Major Funds			•	Nonmajor		Total	
				Capital	G	iovernmental	(Governmental
		General		Projects		Funds		Funds
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	71,336,266	\$	-	\$	-	\$	71,336,266
State and Federal governments		19,912,200		2,263,665		4,468,623		26,644,488
Charges for services		3,037,786		-		2,992,118		6,029,904
Investment income		1,753,149		239,159		149,279		2,141,587
Other		-		289,950		590,922		880,872
Total revenues	_	96,039,401		2,792,774		8,200,942		107,033,117
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education		61,406,479		-		5,166,024		66,572,503
General government		9,850,885		-		618,319		10,469,204
Culture and recreation		2,243,064		-		1,275,816		3,518,880
Human services		1,182,827		-		273,469		1,456,296
Public safety		7,900,906		-		680,036		8,580,942
Public works		5,245,661		-		254,670		5,500,331
Debt service:								
Principal retirements		-		-		4,225,000		4,225,000
Interest and other charges		-		-		1,823,015		1,823,015
Capital outlay		-		6,974,255		-		6,974,255
Total expenditures		87,829,822		6,974,255		14,316,349		109,120,426
Revenues over (under)								
expenditures		8,209,579		(4,181,481)		(6,115,407)		(2,087,309)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		_		1,112,700		6,836,687		7,949,387
Transfers out		(7,949,387)		-		-		(7,949,387)
Issuance of debt		-		3,743,000		_		3,743,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		(7,949,387)		4,855,700		6,836,687		3,743,000
EXTRAORDINARY ITEM								
State teachers' on-behalf payments (Note 15)		(16,336,000)		-		_		(16,336,000)
State teachers' on-behalf revenue (Note 15)		16,336,000		-		_		16,336,000
Total Extraordinary Item		-		-		-		-
Change in fund balances		260,192		674,219		721,280		1,655,691
FUND BALANCES, beginning		13,610,578		6,269,591		4,911,910		24,792,079
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$	13,870,770	\$	6,943,810	\$	5,633,190	\$	26,447,770

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds	\$ 1,655,691
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation	
in the current period.	(576,453)
Changes in revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(535,105)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	404 600
and related items.	481,688
Changes in some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and,	
therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	241,432
The net loss of certain activities of internal service funds is	
reported with governmental activities.	 (469,770)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 797,483

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts				_	Actual Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget		
		Original		Final		Basis	Pos	sitive (Negative)	
REVENUES									
Property taxes	\$	70,920,742	\$	70,920,742	\$	71,336,266	\$	415,524	
Licenses and permits		800,220		800,220	*	1,266,000	*	465,780	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		13,150		13,150		45,308		32,158	
Other agencies		657,021		657,021		725,868		68,847	
Intergovernmental		13,896,437		13,896,437		15,241,567		1,345,130	
Revenues from use of assets		2,274,389		2,274,389		2,176,306		(98,083)	
Charges for services		1,093,656		1,093,656		1,201,086		107,430	
Total revenues		89,655,615		89,655,615		91,992,401		2,336,786	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		873,655		916,448		874,292		42,156	
Safety Service		7,734,650		7,749,789		7,736,317		13,472	
Public works		5,018,205		5,043,977		4,819,264		224,713	
Health Services		433,960		433,960		411,765		22,195	
Human Services		862,300		862,300		838,625		23,675	
Recreation and Leisure Services		1,168,825		852,908		852,766		142	
Education		56,874,840		56,759,748		56,751,886		7,862	
Town support for education		4,637,610		1,492,760		1,444,920		47,840	
Library services		1,407,500		1,408,147		1,400,557		7,590	
Development services		1,618,875		1,618,875		1,542,524		76,351	
Information services		402,445		402,445		398,178		4,267	
Administrative services		1,850,890		1,846,890		1,740,616		106,274	
Community development		25,000		25,000		25,000		-	
General services		7,346,860		4,453,525		4,418,440		35,085	
Total expenditures		90,255,615		83,866,772		83,255,150		611,622	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(600,000)		5,788,843		8,737,251		2,948,408	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers (out)		-		(7,949,387)		(7,949,387)		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(7,949,387)		(7,949,387)		-	
Net change in budgetary									
fund balance	\$	(600,000)	\$	(2,160,544)	=	787,864	\$	2,948,408	
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE, beginning			_			12,922,409	_	_	
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE, ending					\$	13,710,273	=		

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (DEFICITS) - PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2008

	Business-	Type Activities - Ent	erprise Funds	Governmental Activities
		Other Nonmajor Enterprise		Internal Service
	Landfill	Funds	Total	Fund
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 24,968,172	\$ 1,104,860	\$ 26,073,032	\$ 3,882,129
Receivables:				
Customer receivables, net	274,072	108,418	382,490	8,178
Due from other funds	-	· -	· -	75,115
Total current assets	25,242,244	1,213,278	26,455,522	3,965,422
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets (net of accumulated				
depreciation)	181,842	39,493	221,335	-
Total noncurrent assets	181,842	39,493	221,335	-
Total assets	25,424,086	1,252,771	26,676,857	3,965,422
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	207,735	114,384	322,119	47,255
Accrued claims payable	-	-	-	1,011,004
Accrued post closure costs	1,364,128	-	1,364,128	-
Unearned revenue	-	28,596	28,596	=
Due to other funds		150,000	150,000	
Total current liabilities	1,571,863	292,980	1,864,843	1,058,259
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Accrued post closure costs	32,739,075	-	32,739,075	
Total noncurrent liabilities	32,739,075	-	32,739,075	<u> </u>
Total liabilities	34,310,938	292,980	34,603,918	1,058,259
NET ASSETS (DEFICITS)				
Invested in capital assets	181,842	39,493	221,335	-
Unrestricted	(9,068,694)		(8,148,396)	2,907,163
Total net assets (deficits)	\$ (8,886,852)	\$ 959,791	\$ (7,927,061)	\$ 2,907,163

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS (DEFICITS) - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Landfill	Other Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Total					Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES								
User charges	\$	3,645,534	\$	1,813,867	\$	5,459,401	\$	5,919,655
Total operating revenues		3,645,534		1,813,867		5,459,401		5,919,655
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Operations and maintenance		1,972,220		1,780,770		3,752,990		6,495,629
Depreciation		76,723		26,805		103,528		-
Total operating expenses		2,048,943		1,807,575		3,856,518		6,495,629
Operating income (loss)		1,596,591		6,292		1,602,883		(575,974)
NONOPERATING REVENUES								
Interest income		1,022,912		61,563		1,084,475		106,204
Net income (loss)		2,619,503		67,855		2,687,358		(469,770)
NET ASSETS (DEFICITS), beginning		(11,506,355)		891,936		(10,614,419)		3,376,933
NET ASSETS (DEFICITS), ending	\$	(8,886,852)	\$	959,791	\$	(7,927,061)	\$	2,907,163

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Business-1		Activities - Ente	rprise	Funds	G	overnmental Activities
	Landfill	Ot	ther Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total Fund		Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Net cash provided by (used in)	\$ 3,602,164 (737,947) (595,371)	\$	1,821,578 (640,295) (1,101,727)	\$	5,423,742 (1,378,242) (1,697,098)	\$	5,914,312 (6,428,186)
operating activities	2,268,846		79,556		2,348,402		(513,874)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Payment of due to other funds	 -		(30,000)		(30,000)		8,853
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Interest received Net cash provided by	1,022,912		61,563		1,084,475		106,204
investing activities	1,022,912		61,563		1,084,475		106,204
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3,291,758		111,119		3,402,877		(398,817)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning	 21,676,414		993,741		22,670,155		4,280,946
Ending	\$ 24,968,172	\$	1,104,860	\$	26,073,032	\$	3,882,129
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	\$ 1,596,591	\$	6,292	\$	1,602,883	\$	(575,974)
cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:	76,723		26,805		103,528		-
(Increase) decrease in receivable accounts (Decrease) increase in accounts payable Increase in accrued liabilities Increase in unearned revenue	(43,370) (338,391) 977,293		4,687 38,748 - 3,024		(38,683) (299,643) 977,293 3,024		(5,343) (166,995) 234,438
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 2,268,846	\$	79,556	\$	2,348,402	\$	(513,874)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2008

	Pension	A		
	Trust Fund	Ą	gency Funds	
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,308,403	\$	1,120,989	
Investments, at fair value				
Common and preferred stock	10,378,154		-	
Bonds and notes	15,236,124		-	
Equity mutual funds	18,873,035		-	
Corporate debt	1,562,760			
Total investments	46,050,073			
Other receivables	350,768		-	
Total assets	47,709,244		1,120,989	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	-		1,120,989	
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits				
and Other Purposes	\$ 47,709,244	\$	_	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - PENSION TRUST FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Pension Trust Fund
Additions	
Contributions	
Employer	\$ 827,855
Plan members	362,849
Total contributions	1,190,704
Investment Income	
Net depreciation in fair value	
of investments	(4,444,144)
Interest and dividends	1,709,942
	(2,734,202)
Less investment expenses:	
Investment management fees	171,600
Net investment income (loss)	(2,905,802)
Total additions (losses)	(1,715,098)
Deductions	
Benefits	1,986,141
Change in net assets	(3,701,239)
Net Assets	
Beginning of year	51,410,483
End of year	\$ 47,709,244

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity

The Town was founded by English settlers in 1633, making it the first town in the State of Connecticut. The Town operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its Charter: public safety, public works, sanitation, health and social services, culture-recreation, education, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. The Charter was most recently revised (via referendum) in 1998. The accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The criteria provided in Government Accounting Standards Board Statement Codification Section 2100 have been considered and there are no agencies or entities, that should be, but are not, combined in the financial statements of the Town.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. However, agency funds, unlike other fiduciary funds, report only assets and liabilities and do not have a measurement focus, and follow the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied for. Intergovernmental grants and entitlements and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred as under accrual accounting, however debt service expenditures and expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due (matured).

Property taxes when levied for, intergovernmental revenue when eligibility requirements are met, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual (measurable) and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period, if available. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds.

The *General Fund* is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Project Fund accounts for the proceeds of specific general obligation bonds for various projects to further develop the Town.

The Town reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Landfill Fund accounts for the operations of the Windsor-Bloomfield Sanitary Landfill.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds account for all general health, auto, fire and workers' compensation insurance activity, including premiums and claims.

The *Pension Trust Funds*, fiduciary funds, account for the activities of the Town's deferred pension benefit plan which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees upon retirement.

The *Agency Funds*, fiduciary funds, account for monies held as a custodian for outside student groups and agencies and are used for performance bonds, adult education, scholarships and escrows.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The Town has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the enterprise funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations, which include premium charges and claims. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for the funds include the cost of operations and maintenance, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Property taxes

Property taxes are assessed as of October 1, and are levied for on the following July 1, and due in one installment, July 1. Motor vehicle taxes are due in one installment on July 1, and supplemental motor vehicle taxes are due in full January 1. Taxes become delinquent thirty days after the installment is due. Liens are filed by the last day of the fiscal year.

Delinquent real estate taxes are billed at least twice a year, with interest charged at a rate of 1.5 percent per month. Delinquent motor vehicle and personal property accounts are transferred to a suspense account after three years, at which time they cease to be carried as receivables. However, they remain valid claims for up to 15 years after being levied.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Town classifies money market funds, STIF investments, treasury bills and certificates of deposit having original maturities of three months or less when purchased as cash equivalents.

Allowance for doubtful accounts

Accounts, notes receivable and CDBG for the primary government are reported net of allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance for doubtful accounts represents those accounts which are deemed uncollectible based on past collection history and on analysis of creditor's ability to pay.

Investments

Investments for the Town are stated at fair value using quoted market prices. The Connecticut State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Fund is an investment pool managed by the State of Connecticut Office of the State Treasurer. Investments must be made in instruments authorized by Connecticut General Statutes 3-27c through 3-27e. Investment guidelines are adopted by the State Treasurer. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

The balance of the pooled fixed income investments were invested in a pool similar to a 2a-7. The value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. These investments are stated at amortized cost.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at cost using the lower of cost or market determined on the first-in, first-out basis.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

columns in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost ranging from \$5,000 to \$75,000 depending on asset classification and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred net of interest earned during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the Town is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	35-50
Building improvements	20
Distribution and collection systems	50-65
Public domain infrastructure	50
System infrastructure	30
Machinery and equipment	5-20

In the governmental fund financial statements, capital outlay (assets) is reported as an expenditure and no depreciation expense is reported.

Loans receivable

The Town records its loans receivable in the Special Revenue Funds as the loan proceeds are advanced, net of an allowance for collectible accounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

Compensated absences

Under the terms of its various union contracts, Town and Board of Education employees are granted vacation in varying amounts based on length of service. Sick leave does not vest. Town employees may carry over a limited number of unused vacation days (up to 30 days) to subsequent years and, in the event of termination, employees are reimbursed for accumulated vacation. Board of Education employees may carry over a limited number of unused vacation days to the next fiscal year.

Sick leave and vacation leave expenditures are recognized in the governmental fund financial statements in the current year to the extent they are paid or due (matured). If an employee is retiring, limited accumulated unused sick leave is not paid but added to the credited service used to calculate pension benefits. The liability for the remainder of the accrued vacation earned and not due is reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

The General Fund is typically used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond principal premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount and deferred gains/losses on refundings. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. Bond principal payments are recorded as expenditures. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Risks and uncertainties

The Town invests in various securities, including commercial paper and government-sponsored enterprises. Investment securities, in general, are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risks associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such change could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of financial position and activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

Landfill closure and postclosure

The Town accounts for the cost and estimated costs for closure and postclosure care costs in its Landfill Fund. The Landfill Fund is an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds account for a portion of the estimated total current costs of landfill closure and postclosure and are recognized as an expense and liability in each period in which the landfill accepts solid waste. Estimated total current costs are based on use.

Pension accounting

Pension Trust Fund

The Pension Trust Fund is reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Employee contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the Town has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan.

Governmental Activities

Expenditures are recognized when they are paid or are expected to be paid with current available resources.

Funding Policy

The Town funds the contributions to its pension plans based on the actuarial required contribution.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as a reservation of fund balance as they do not constitute either expenditures or liabilities.

All other General Fund appropriations lapse at year-end.

Fund equity and net assets

In the Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements, net assets are classified in the following categories:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net assets. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce this category.

Restricted Net Assets – This category represents the net assets of the Town, which are restricted by external parties (creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

Unrestricted Net Assets (Deficit) – This category represents the net assets of the Town, which are not restricted for any project or other purpose. A deficit will require future funding.

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified in three separate categories. The categories, and their general meanings, are as follows:

Reserved fund balance – indicates that portion of fund equity which has been legally segregated for specific purposes or not available for appropriation.

Unreserved/Designated fund balance – indicates that portion of fund equity for which the Town has made tentative plans.

Unreserved/Undesignated fund balance – indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation and expenditure in future periods, or if a deficit for which future funding will be required.

Note 2. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds, and net assets – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$44,073,104 difference are as follows:

Bonds payable	\$ 43,743,000
Compensated absences	801,866
Deferred loss on refunding, net of amortization	(744,762)
Deferred premiums on refunding, net of amortization	273,000
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance – total governmental funds to arrive at net assets – governmental activities	\$ 44,073,104

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds, and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$(576,453) difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 5,163,481
Depreciation expense	(5,739,934)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances -	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets	
of governmental activities	\$ (576,453)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$481,688 difference are as follows:

Debt issued or incurred:	
Issuance of general obligation bonds	\$ (3,743,000)
Deferred charges related to refunding	(8,844)
Principal repayments:	
General obligation debt	4,225,000
Premiums and deferred loss on refunding	8,532
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances -	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of	
governmental activities	\$ 481,688

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$241,432 difference are as follows:

Compensated absences	\$ 177,440
Accrued interest	 63,992
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of	
governmental activities	\$ 241,432

Note 3. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

General Fund

Budget policies in accordance with the Town Charter, Chapter 8, Sections 8-1 through 8-4, are as follows:

- A. Prior to April 1, the Town Manager submits the proposed budget for the General Fund to the Town Council.
- B. After various public hearings, the Town Council recommends the budget, as revised, for adoption at the annual Town Meeting on the first Tuesday in May.
- C. The Town Meeting appropriates the budget as one balance for revenues and separate expenditure amounts per individual service unit. Additional appropriations and transfers between functions and activities may be made by the Town Council in accordance with Town Charter provisions, thereby lowering the legal level of control to the function and activity levels.
- D. The original budget for expenditures, encumbrances and other financing uses was increased by approximately \$1,600,000 as a result of fund balance and revenue appropriations during the year ended June 30, 2008. The additional appropriations were approved in accordance with the Town Charter.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

E. A reconciliation of General Fund operations presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") to the amounts presented on the budgetary basis is as follows:

	Revenues and Transfers			Expenditures and Transfers
Balance, GAAP basis	\$	\$ 96,039,401		95,779,209
State Teachers Retirement payments made by State Department of Education on behalf of the Town, not recognized for budgetary purposes		(4,047,000)		(4,047,000)
Encumbrances: June 30, 2007 June 30, 2008		- -		(688,169) 160,497
Balance, budgetary basis	\$	91,992,401	\$	91,204,537

F. Classifications of certain revenues and expenditures under GAAP differ from classifications utilized for budgetary purposes.

Special revenue funds

The Town does not have legally adopted annual budgets for its special revenue funds, including the Debt Service Fund. Budgets for the various special revenue funds that are utilized to account for specific grant programs are established in accordance with the requirements of the State or other grantor agencies. Such budgets are non-lapsing and may comprise more than one fiscal year.

Capital projects funds

Legal authorization for expenditures of the capital projects funds is provided by the related bond ordinances and/or intergovernmental grant agreements or Connecticut General Statutes. Capital appropriations do not lapse until completion of the applicable projects.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

Note 4. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

<u>Deposits:</u> The Town has a policy that deposits can include demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposits. The Town's policy for custodial credit risk follows the State of Connecticut requirements that each depository maintain segregated collateral in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the bank's risk based capital ratio.

<u>Investments:</u> Town policy for eligible investments are governed by State of Connecticut Statutes which, in general, allow the Town to invest in obligations of the United States of America or United States government sponsored corporations, in shares or other interests in any custodial arrangement, pool, or noload, open-end management type investment company or investment trust (as defined), in obligations of any State or political subdivision rated within the top two rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service, or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or political subdivision rated within the top three rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service. The Town does not have a custodial credit risk policy for investments.

The Town has an investment policy for its pension funds providing an asset allocation average, over a full market cycle, of approximately 70% equities (or equivalents) and 30% fixed income and cash (or equivalents). For purposes of this document, a full market cycle is defined by the Board to be no less than three years, or more than seven years. However, within a market cycle, investment allocation should not exceed the following:

- a. No more than twenty-five percent (25%) of the portfolio, at fair value, is to be invested in any one of eleven (11) major industrial groups as defined by SEI's Funds Evaluation service (see appendix A for SEI/S&P industry sectors). No more than ten percent (10%) of the market value of the total portfolio shall be held in equity securities of any one corporation. The investment manager shall have full discretion as to the selection of individual equity issues. The Committee reserves the right to impose restrictions if the occasion arises (i.e. social investing criteria).
- b. Fixed income investments should be made only in obligations of the U.S. Government, Agencies of the U.S. Government and U.S. Corporations whose debt obligations are minimally rated Baa by Moody's or BBB by Standard and Poors'. The fixed income portfolio should be diversified between issuers within each sector with no one issuer comprising more than 15% of the aggregate fixed income portfolio. This does not apply to issues of the U.S. Treasury or other Federal Agencies. The investment manager shall have full discretion as to the selection of the individual fixed income issues. The Committee reserves the right to impose restrictions if the occasion arises (i.e. social investing criteria).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

- c. Cash reserves should be invested only in the highest quality issues, i.e., U.S. Treasury Bills, U.S. Government and Government Agency Obligations, certificates of deposit, bankers acceptances and repurchase agreements with major U.S. money center banks, denominated in dollars, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard and Poors' and P-1 by Moody's.
- d. Consistent with the desire for adequate diversification, the investment policy is based on the assumption that the volatility of the portfolio will be similar to that of the market. Consequently, it is expected that the volatility of the total portfolio, in aggregate, will be reasonably close to the volatility of a commitment-weighted composite of market indices.
- e. There is no requirement for the investment manager to maintain liquid reserves for the payment of pension benefits. This will be evaluated on an annual basis by the Committee.

<u>Interest rate risk:</u> The Town's policy, which includes the Pension Trust Fund, is to limit its exposure to fair value losses arising from changes in interest rates by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools.

<u>Concentrations:</u> The Town's policy is to maintain a diversified portfolio to minimize the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific issuer.

Custodial credit risk:

Deposits: This is the risk that, in the event of failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2008, approximately \$26,556,000 of the Town's bank balance of approximately \$30,007,000 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments: This is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The Town and the pension trust funds do not have custodial credit risk policies for investments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

Cash and investments of the Town consist of the following at June 30, 2008:

Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 26,981,780	
State of Connecticut Short-Term Investment fund	37,655,502	
Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund	379,010	
Total cash and cash equivalents	65,016,292	_
Pension Trust Funds:		
U.S. Government Securities	7,338,537	*
U.S. Government Agencies	7,897,587	*
Corporate Debt	1,562,760	*
Common and Preferred Stocks	10,378,154	*
Equity Mutual Funds	18,873,035	
Total pension investments	46,050,073	_
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 111,066,365	_

^{*} These investments are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, but not in the Town's or Pension Trust's name.

Cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 62,586,900
Fiduciary Funds:	
•	
Cash and cash equivalents	2,429,392
Investments	46,050,073
	48,479,465
Total cash and investments	\$ 111,066,365

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

<u>Interest rate risk:</u> This is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. Information about the exposure of the Town's debt type investments to this risk using the segmented time distribution model is as follows:

		Investment Maturities						
	Fair	Le	ss Than		1-5		6-10	
Type of Investment	Value		1 Year		Years		Years	
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 7,338,537	\$	-	\$	6,185,565	\$	1,152,972	
U.S. Government Agencies	7,897,587		-		5,803,524		2,094,063	
Corporate Debt	1,562,760	1	,562,760		-		-	
Pooled Fixed Income	 38,034,512	38	,034,512		-		-	
Total	\$ 54,833,396	\$ 39	,597,272	\$	11,989,089	\$	3,247,035	

<u>Credit Risk:</u> Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of a debt type investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized rating organization. U.S. government securities or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk exposure. Presented below is the minimum rating as required for each debt type investment.

	Pooled Fixed	110	S. Government		Corporate
Average Rating	Income				Debt
Average Rating	income	Agencies			Debt
AAA	\$ -	\$	7,897,587	\$	754,853
AAAm	37,655,502		-		-
AA-	-		-		807,907
Unrated	379,010		-		-
Total	\$ 38,034,512	\$	7,897,587	\$	1,562,760

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

Note 5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2008 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance	
Communicated anti-iti-						
Governmental activities:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	4,388,005	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 4,388,005
Construction in progress		251,021	3,724,687		-	3,975,708
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		4,639,026	3,724,687		-	8,363,713
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements		115,585,057	114,652		_	115,699,709
Machinery and equipment		16.694.950	536.374		_	17,231,324
Infrastructure		84,801,852	787,768		_	85,589,620
Total capital assets being depreciated		217,081,859	1,438,794		-	218,520,653
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements		42,874,664	3,247,074		-	46,121,738
Machinery and equipment		13,695,731	597.445		_	14,293,176
Infrastructure		62,830,579	1,895,415		_	64,725,994
Total accumulated depreciation		119,400,974	5,739,934		-	125,140,908
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		97,680,885	(4,301,140)		-	93,379,745
Governmental activities						
capital assets, net	\$	102,319,911	\$ (576,453)	\$	-	\$ 101,743,458

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

	Beginning Balance	Increases Decreases		Ending Balance	
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	\$ 388,711	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 388,711
Machinery and equipment	3,089,310				3,089,310
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 3,478,021	-		-	3,478,021
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	248,480	5,478		-	253,958
Machinery and equipment	2,904,678	98,050		-	3,002,728
Total accumulated depreciation	 3,153,158	103,528		-	3,256,686
Total business-type capital assets, net	\$ 324,863	\$ (103,528)	\$	-	\$ 221,335

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Town as follows:

Board of Education	\$ 2,320,615
General Government	41,371
Culture and Recreation	419,634
Human Services	8,237
Public Works	2,394,317
Public Safety	555,760
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 5,739,934
Business-type activities:	
Landfill	\$ 76,723
Adult Caring Connection	 26,805
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$ 103,528

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

Note 6. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

During the course of operations, transactions are processed through a fund on behalf of another fund. A summary of interfund balances as of June 30, 2008 is presented below:

		Due From	_	Due To
	_	Other Funds		Other Funds
General Fund	\$	413,997	\$	675,973
Capital Projects		150,000		-
Non-Major Governmental Funds		600,858		413,997
Non-Major Enterprise Funds		-		150,000
Internal Service Fund		75,115		-
	\$	1,239,970	\$	1,239,970

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2008 were as follows:

	ansfers From Other Funds	Transfers To Other Funds		
General Fund	\$ -	\$	7,949,387	
Capital Projects	1,112,700		-	
Non-Major Governmental Funds	6,836,687		-	
	\$ 7,949,387	\$	7,949,387	

Transfers are used to account for financing by the General Fund of programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary amortizations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

Note 7. Unearned Revenue/Deferred Revenue

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds and governmental activities also report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unearned revenue and deferred revenue reported in the governmental funds and governmental activities were as follows:

		Unearned Revenues		
Property taxes	\$	884,831	\$ -	
School construction grant receivable		1,593,038	-	
Grant drawdowns prior to meeting all eligibility requirements		-	239,586	
Total	\$	2,477,869	\$ 239,586	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

Note 8. Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of changes in outstanding long-term obligations during the year ended June 30, 2008 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance Increases Decreases			Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year		
Governmental activities: Bonds payable: General obligation bonds Premiums on refunding	\$	44,225,000 351,000	\$	3,743,000	\$	4,225,000 78,000	\$ 43,743,000 273,000	\$ 4,363,000
Less deferred loss on refunding		(814,230)		<u>-</u>		(69,468)	(744,762)	<u>-</u>
		43,761,770		3,743,000		4,233,532	43,271,238	4,363,000
Other long-term liabilities: Compensated absences		979,306		85,174		262,614	801,866	200,466
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	\$	44,741,076	\$	3,828,174	\$	4,496,146	\$ 44,073,104	\$ 4,563,466
Business-type activities: Other long-term liabilities:								
Compensated absences Landfill postclosure costs	\$	72,310 33,125,910	\$	3,192 977,293	\$	682 -	\$ 74,820 34,103,203	\$ 18,705 1,364,128
Total other long-term liabilities		33,198,220		980,485		682	34,178,023	1,382,833
Business-type activity long-term liabilities	\$	33,198,220	\$	980,485	\$	682	\$ 34,178,023	\$ 1,382,833

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

General obligation bonds

As of June 30, 2008, the outstanding general obligation bonds of the Town was as follows:

Purpose	Maturity		Interest		Original		Balance	
- uiposo	Ranges Issued Rate		Rate		Amount		6/30/2008	
GENERAL PURPOSE								
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS	\$227,000-\$234,000	1991	6.4-6.6	\$	4,165,000	\$	916,000	
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS	\$30,000-\$75,000	2000	5.0-6.5		2,037,000		105,000	
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	\$30,000-\$35,000	2001	4.0-5.0		250,000		35,000	
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS	\$70,000-\$80,000	2001	4.0-5.0		1,300,000		70,000	
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS REFUND	\$119,060-\$242,920	2001	4.0-5.0		3,882,820		2,219,270	
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS	\$20,000-\$25,000	2002	3.0-5.0		245,000		100,000	
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS	\$27,500-\$35,000	2002	3.0-5.0		335,000		140,000	
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS	\$27,500-\$40,000	2002	3.0-5.0		375,000		160,000	
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS	\$10,000-\$45,000	2003	3.0-4.75		1,810,000		1,340,000	
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS	\$10,000-\$230,000	2004	2.5-5.00		4,725,000		3,405,000	
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS	\$63,000-\$112,000	2004	2.0-5.0		1,726,000		1,711,000	
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS	\$320,000-\$350,000	2005	3.0-4.8		5,745,000		5,425,000	
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS	\$20,000-\$80,000	2006	4.0-5.0		2,000,000		2,000,000	
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS	\$125,000-\$180,000	2007	4.0-5.5		1,555,000		1,430,000	
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS	\$202,000-\$1,505,000	2008	3.25-5.0		3,743,000		3,743,000	
TOTAL GENERAL PURPOSE				\$	33,893,820	\$	22,799,270	
_	Maturity		Interest		Original		Balance	
Purpose	Ranges	Issued	Rate	Amount			6/30/2008	
SCHOOLS								
SCHOOL GEN. OBLIGATION	\$46,000-\$53,000	1991	6.4-6.6	\$	835,000	\$	184,000	
SCHOOL GEN. OBLIGATION	\$20,000-\$175,000	2000	5.0-6.5		3,528,000		170,000	
SCHOOL GEN. OBLIGATION	\$200,000-\$245,000	2001	4.0-5.0		4,000,000		195,000	
SCHOOL GEN. OBLIGATION	\$260,000-\$390,000	2001	4.0-5.0		5,800,000		5,110,730	
SCHOOL GEN. OBLIGATION	\$150,000-\$225,000	2002	3.0-5.0		4,000,000		3,000,000	
SCHOOL GEN. OBLIGATION	\$10,000-\$20,000	2003	3.0-4.75		550,000		425,000	
SCHOOL GEN. OBLIGATION	\$15,000-\$230,000	2004	2.5-5.00		5,195,000		4,690,000	
SCHOOL GEN. OBLIGATION	\$12,000-\$415,000	2004	2.0-5.0		7,274,000		7,169,000	
TOTAL SCHOOLS					31,182,000		20,943,730	
GRAND TOTAL				\$	65,075,820	\$	43,743,000	
CIAND IVIAL				Ψ	00,010,020	Ψ	+0,1+0,000	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

The following is a summary as of June 30, 2008, of the future principal and interest requirements for the Town's general obligation bonds:

Fiscal				
Year				
Ending	Principal		Interest	Total
				_
2009	\$ 4,363,000	\$	1,694,235	6,057,235
2010	4,435,000		1,491,199	5,926,199
2011	4,460,000		1,309,573	5,769,573
2012	4,200,000		1,144,868	5,344,868
2013	3,695,000		992,758	4,687,758
2014	3,360,000		860,973	4,220,973
2015	3,125,000		745,516	3,870,516
2016	3,135,000		616,950	3,751,950
2017	2,645,000		505,346	3,150,346
2018	2,450,000		401,191	2,851,191
2019	2,090,000		307,399	2,397,399
2020	2,075,000		222,870	2,297,870
2021	1,305,000		152,813	1,457,813
2022	895,000		105,823	1,000,823
2023	675,000		67,579	742,579
2024	485,000		39,338	524,338
2025	350,000		16,800	366,800
Total	\$ 43,743,000	\$	10,675,231	\$ 54,418,231

School bond reimbursements

The State of Connecticut reimburses the Town for eligible school bond principal and interest costs. The amount of reimbursement for the year ended June 30, 2008 was approximately \$600,000. Additional payments for principal and interest aggregating approximately \$1,782,000 are expected to be received through the bonds maturity.

Legal debt limit

\$18,800,000 of the School's portion relates to the High School Project. The bond counsel has opined that every dollar of grants received reduces the authority to issue by one dollar. The original High School bonding authorization was \$35,000,000 less any grants received. The remaining effective authorization for the High School bonding is therefore \$16,200,000 less reimbursements received to date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

The Town's indebtedness (including authorized but unissued bonds and overlapping debt), net of principal reimbursements expected from the State, does not exceed the legal debt limitation as required by the Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

Category	Debt Limit	I	ndebtedness	Balance		
General purpose	\$	160,441,466	\$	25,144,270	\$	135,297,196
Unfunded Pension Benefit Obligation		213,921,954		-		213,921,954
Schools		320,882,931		19,690,692		301,192,239
Sewers		267,402,443		-		267,402,443
Urban renewal		231,748,784		-		231,748,784

The total overall statutory debt limit for the Town is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation, or approximately \$499,151,226.

Prior years' debt defeasance

In prior years, the Town defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the basic financial statements. At June 30, 2008, the Town's portion of defeased bonds outstanding, but removed from the Town's government-wide financial statements was approximately \$7,740,000.

Bonds authorized but unissued

Total authorized but unissued debt at June 30, 2008 consists of the following:

General purpose \$ 340,000

Bond anticipation notes

In June 2008, the Town issued \$2,345,000 in bond anticipation notes, which have an interest rate of 3.0% and mature in June 2009.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

Bond anticipation note transactions for the year ended June 30, 2008 were as follows:

Outstanding, July 1, 2007	\$ 1,950,000
New borrowings	2,345,000
Repayments	(1,950,000)
Outstanding, June 30, 2008	\$ 2,345,000

Note 9. Employee Retirement Plans

Employee pension plans

The Town maintains the Town of Windsor Retirement Plan, a public employee retirement system (PERS), which covers all Town employees (except police officers) and all employees of the Board of Education not eligible for membership in the State of Connecticut Teacher's Retirement Plan.

The Town participates in the statewide Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund B, a multiple-employer, cost-sharing public employee retirement system that covers all of the police officers of the Town.

The certified faculty and administrative personnel of the Board of Education participate in a contributory retirement plan (non-contributory for the employer) administered by the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Board.

Town of Windsor Retirement Plan

Plan Description

All Town employees (except police officers and certified members of the Board of Education) participate in this PERS, a single-employer, defined benefit pension plan, established and administered by the Town Council and Board of Education (through the Pension Committee) to provide pension, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The Town Charter and State statutes provide the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The PERS is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Standalone financial statements are not issued.

All full-time employees are required to join the PERS. Employees are 100 percent vested after the completion of five years of service. The retirement benefit is 1.75% of the average monthly earnings (36 consecutive months) times years of service for normal retirement benefits. Active employees with ten years of credited service who become permanently and totally disabled receive a benefit determined in the same manner as a normal retirement benefit based on credited service and average monthly earnings to

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

the date of the disability. If the disability is a result of the employee's employment with the Town, the ten year requirement is waived.

Prior to 1999-2000, the PERS did not provide for cost of living adjustments to benefits in years subsequent to retirement. Cost of living adjustments were paid to retirees at the discretion of the Town Council and were paid directly by the General Fund. Effective July 1, 2000, such payments are paid from the PERS and the percentage increase is set to match that given to Social Security recipients.

The membership in the PERS at July 1, 2007 is comprised of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	136
Vested terminated employees	25
Active employees:	
Fully vested	245
Non-vested	125
Total	531

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the Town Council and Board of Education, subject to union contract negotiation. Employees are required to contribute 2½ percent of their earnings up to the social security wage base plus five percent of the excess, to the PERS. If an employee leaves covered employment or dies before meeting the vesting requirements, accumulated employee contributions and interest thereon are refunded. The Town is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the benefits for its employees. As determined by the Town's actuaries, the current rate is 5.60% of annual covered payroll. The direct management costs of the plan (fund manager, trustee) are paid for by the Pension Fund. The Town pays the cost of monitoring the plan (advisor) and administering its plan (actuary) through an additional annual budget appropriation. The benefits and refunds of the plan are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Asset

The Town's annual pension cost and net pension asset to the PERS for the year ended June 30, 2008 were as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 827,855
Interest on net pension obligation	-
Adjustment to annual required contribution	
Annual pension cost	827,855
Contributions made	827,855
Decrease in net pension asset	-
Net pension asset, July 1, 2007	 -
Net pension asset, June 30, 2008	\$ -

The following is a summary of certain significant actuarial assumptions and other PERS information:

Actuarial valuation date	July 1, 2007
Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit
	Credit Cost Method
Amortization method	Level Dollar Open
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.75%
Projected salary increases*	4%
Cost-of-living adjustments for payments to retirees	2.75%
Amount of wage base included	
Inflation	3.0 - 3.5%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

TREND INFORMATION

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Pension Cost (APC)		Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Asset			
6/30/06	\$	789,843	100%	\$	-		
6/30/07	\$	737,493	100%	\$	-		
6/30/08	\$	827,855	100%	\$	-		

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

		Actuarial		Actuarial Accrued						UAAL as a Percentage
Actuarial		Value of		Liability	C	Overfunded	Funded		Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets		(AAL)		AAL Ra		Ratio		Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)		(b)			(a-b)	(a/b)	o) (c)		((a-b)/c)
July 1, 2002	\$	35,716,064	\$	31,041,467	\$	4,674,597	115.1%	\$	12,536,129	0%
July 1, 2003		37,973,828		32,146,951		5,826,877	118.1%		13,131,981	0%
July 1, 2004		40,520,462		34,163,256		6,357,206	118.6%		13,274,916	0%
July 1, 2005		42,994,540		37,665,616		5,328,924	114.2%		14,101,531	0%
July 1, 2006		45,594,279		41,130,295		4,463,984	110.9%		14,776,977	0%
July 1, 2007		48,961,596		43,855,272		5,106,324	111.6%		15,265,451	0%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

al ed Percentage tion Contributed
451 100%
615 100%
468 100%
985 100%
493 100%
355 100%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

Connecticut Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund B

All uniformed police officers of the Town of Windsor participate in the Connecticut Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund B (MERF), a defined benefit cost sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS) established by the State of Connecticut and administered by the State Retirement Commission to provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to the employees and beneficiaries of participating municipalities. Chapter 113 Part II of the General Statutes of Connecticut, which can be amended by legislative action, establishes PERS benefits, member contribution rates, and other plan provisions. MERF is considered to be a part of the State of Connecticut financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports may be obtained by writing to the State of Connecticut, Office of the State Comptroller, 55 Elm Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06106 or by calling 860-702-3480.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required by State statute to contribute 2-1/4% of earnings upon which Social Security tax is paid plus 5% of earnings on which no Social Security tax is paid. Each participating municipality is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 5.25% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of the Town are established and may be amended by the State Retirement Commission. The Town's contributions to MERF for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$559,082, \$548,385, and \$511,512, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System

The faculty and professional personnel of the Board of Education participate in a contributory defined benefit plan, established under Chapter 167a of the Connecticut General Statutes, which is administered by the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement Board. A teacher is eligible to receive normal retirement benefits if he or she has attained age sixty and has accumulated twenty years of credited service in the public schools of Connecticut or has attained any age and has accumulated thirty-five years of credited service, at least twenty-five of which are service in the public schools of Connecticut. The State of Connecticut Teacher Retirement System is considered to be a part of the State of Connecticut financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports may be obtained by writing to the State of Connecticut, Office of the State Comptroller, 55 Elm Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06106.

Certain part-time and full-time certified teachers are eligible to participate in the plan and are required to contribute 7.25% of their annual earnings to the plan. The Town does not, and is not legally responsible to, contribute to the plan.

The State of Connecticut contributes based on actuarially determined amounts. The funding level was determined based on an actuarial valuation of the plan as a whole, which does not provide actuarial information on an individual city/town basis.

In addition, the Town has recognized revenues and expenditures for on-behalf payments for pension contributions paid directly to the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System by the State of Connecticut. Such on-behalf payments were approximately \$4,047,000 for the year ended June 30, 2008.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

Note 10. Risk Management

The Town self-insures its liability for workers' compensation claims to a limit of \$500,000/employee. Aggregate claims in excess of that amount up to \$20,000,000, as well as any individual claim up to \$1,000,000 are fully insured. Connecticut Healthcare Workers' Compensation Trust, a fully qualified, third party administrator, is the current administrator of the program and calculates the liability at year-end. As employee claims are processed and certified for payment by the third party administrator, payment is made out of the Internal Service Fund. The accrued liability made for this purpose is determined annually based on prior experience and the amount of unsettled claims outstanding on an actuarial basis.

The following is a schedule of changes in the aggregate liabilities for claims:

	Liability July 1,	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	Liability June 30,
2006-07	\$ 886,770	\$ 5,728,861	\$ 5,839,065	\$ 776,566
2007-08	\$ 776,566	\$ 6,730,067	\$ 6,495,629	\$ 1,011,004

Premiums are paid into the Internal Service Fund by all other funds and are available to pay claims, claim reserves and administrative costs of the program.

Employee health/medical claims are fully insured through Anthem Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Connecticut and CIGNA Corporation. Funds are transferred into the Insurance Internal Service Fund from other funds and are available to pay the health/medical premium costs.

The Town has commercial general liability and auto liability with levels of coverage of \$3,000,000 and \$1,000,000, respectively. There has been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the level of coverage in the prior year. Furthermore, for the past three fiscal years, no settlements have exceeded insurance coverage.

The Town maintains a limited risk management program for general liability, auto and fire losses. Property and casualty risks are fully insured except for the general environmental liability exposure represented by the landfill, which is essentially uninsurable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

Note 11. Contingent Liabilities

The Town has received State and Federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

As a member of the Metropolitan District (a quasi-municipal corporation that provides water supply and sewage collection and disposal facilities for members), the Town is contingently liable for \$11,053,181 or 8.89% of the debt of the District Fund Deficits.

In fiscal year 2002, the Town approved the guarantee of a \$250,000 loan to Celebrate Windsor, Inc., a local 501(c) 3 corporation that manages an outdoor amphitheater that opened at the end of fiscal year 2002. Under the terms of the loan and the guarantee by the Town, the Town guarantees up to \$250,000 of a \$600,000 loan. The guarantee is activated when the loss by the bank on the loan exceeds \$250,000. The loan has a ten year term with level amortization (term expiring in August 2012). If the guarantee is exercised, the Town is likely to be required to make future appropriations. The Town subsequently received a \$100,000 grant from the State to cover part of the guarantee. Under the resolutions adopted by the Town, any payments under the guarantee in excess of the \$100,000 State grant must be separately appropriated by the Council.

Lawsuits

Various litigations, principally involving claims for personal injury and contested tax assessment, are pending against the Town. The outcome and eventual liability of the Town, if any, in these cases are not known at this time. The Town's management estimated that potential claims against the Town resulting from such litigation not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Town.

Note 12. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require the Town to place a final cover on its 65 acre landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Under these regulations, the landfill has established a horizontal footprint of 50 acres which is now the basis of maximum horizontal expansion without providing a liner system.

Although closure and post-closure costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the Landfill Enterprise Fund reports a portion of these closure and post-closure costs as an operating expense in each period based on the landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$34,103,208 reported as landfill closure and post-closure care liability at June 30, 2008, is \$977,293 more than the liability reported on June 30, 2007. Due to revised engineer estimates (regarding settling of

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

the landfill and a more efficient redesign of the final shape of the landfill), the proportion of the landfill used is now estimated at 91.8%. This decrease or adjustment in estimated closure costs accrued to date directly increases the operating income for the Landfill Enterprise Fund in fiscal year 2008. The landfill will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and post-closure care of \$3,056,797 as the remaining capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care at 2008 prices with a third party performing all closure work. Actual costs may also change based on inflation, compliance with the standing consent order, changes in technology, or changes in the regulations. The engineering analysis assumes that numerous engineering and construction procedures will be required. The Town Council has set a deadline to close the landfill as of December 2009.

The landfill serves the Towns of Bloomfield and Windsor. An agreement (dated November 19, 1993) exists between the two communities. This agreement establishes the terms and conditions of operating the landfill. For closure costs, the agreement states "The two towns shall contribute equally, on an annual basis, for said purposes and shall be equally responsible for closure, post-closure, and monitoring expenses until all Federal and State requirements are met". It is anticipated that no additional amount will be required from the Towns upon closure of the landfill.

The landfill is currently operating under a consent order issued by the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) that addresses the detail needs of the regulations, including the control and monitoring of leachate and landfill generated gases. It is expected that this process will result in collecting leachate from the groundwater and treating the effluent.

Note 13. Fund Deficits

The following funds had net fund deficits as of June 30, 2008:

Landfill Fund	\$ 8,886,852
Cafeteria Fund	122,795
Treehouse	90,377

The deficit in the Landfill Fund will be funded by future operations.

Note 14. Extraordinary Item

The State of Connecticut issued approximately \$2.3 billion in taxable general obligation bonds to be used for deposit into the State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement Fund. As contributions to the fund represent on-behalf payment to the Town, an amount of \$16,336,000 has been recorded as an extraordinary item in the Town's financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

Note 15. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to year-end, the credit and liquidity crisis in the United States and throughout the global financial system has resulted in substantial volatility in financial markets and the banking system. These and other economic events have had a significant adverse impact on investment portfolios. As a result, the Town of Windsor, Connecticut's investments have likely incurred a significant decline in fair value since June 30, 2008.

Note 16. Pronouncements Issued, Not Yet Effective

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued several pronouncements that have effective dates that may impact future financial presentations.

Management has not currently determined what, if any, impact implementation of the following statements may have on the financial statements:

- GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, issued June 2004, will be effective for the Town beginning with its year ending June 30, 2009. This Statement establishes standards for the measurement, recognition and display of other postemployment benefits expenses and related liabilities or assets, note disclosures and, if applicable, required supplementary information in the financial reports.
- GASB Statement No. 49, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations," issued December 31, 2006, will be effective for the Town beginning with its fiscal year June 30, 2009, but the liability should be measured at July 1, 2008 so that beginning net assets can be restated. This Statement identifies the circumstances under which a government would have to estimate its expected outlays for pollution remediation if it knows a site is polluted, if the pollution poses an imminent danger to the public or the environment, if the government has violated a pollution prevention permit or license, if the government has been named as a responsible party for cleaning up the pollution, if the government began to clean up the pollution, and if the government is named in a lawsuit. In addition, it provides disclosure information about their pollution obligations associated with clean-up efforts.
 - GASB Statement No. 51, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets," issued June, 2007. Governments possess many different types of assets that may be considered intangible assets, including easements, water rights, timber rights, patents, trademarks, and computer software. Intangible assets, and more specifically easements, are referred to in the description of capital assets in Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and analysis for State and Local Governments." This reference has created questions as to whether and when intangible assets should be considered capital assets for financial reporting purposes. An absence of sufficiently specific authoritative guidance that addresses these questions has resulted in inconsistencies in the accounting and financial reporting of intangible assets among state and local governments, particularly in the areas of recognition, initial

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued June 30, 2008

measurement, and amortization. The objective of this Statement is to establish accounting and financial reporting requirements for intangible assets to reduce these inconsistencies, thereby enhancing the comparability of the accounting and financial reporting of such assets among state and local governments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2009.

- GASB Statement No. 52, "Land and Other Real Estate Held as Investment by Endowments". This Statement establishes consistent standards for the reporting of land and other real estate held as investments by essentially similar entities. It requires endowments to report their land and other real estate investments at fair value. Governments also are required to report the changes in fair value as investment income and to disclose the methods and significant assumptions employed to determine fair value, and other information that they currently present for other investments reported at fair value. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2008.
- GASB Statement No. 53, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments". This Statement addresses the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of information regarding derivative instruments entered into by state and local governments. Derivative instruments are often complex financial arrangements used by governments to manage specific risks or to make investments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2009, with earlier application encouraged.



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures

for particular purposes.

Educational Grant Programs: Cover all specially financed education programs under grants received

from the Federal or State government.

Cafeteria: Accounts for revenue and expenditures of the food service operations in the Windsor Public

Schools

Community Rehabilitation Program: Accounts for block grants received from the United States

Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Other Special Revenue Funds: Account for intergovernmental and private grants for various special

projects administered by the Town.

J. Bartash Expendable Trust Fund: is used to account for a bequest made to the Town by a former

resident.

Treehouse Fund: Accounts for revenue and expenditures for before and after school childcare provided

by the school system.

Debt Service Funds

Debt Service Fund: Accounts for all debt service transactions.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2008

			Spe	ecial Revenue			
	E	ducational				Community	
		Grant			F	Rehabilitation	
		Program		Cafeteria		Program	
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	255,490	\$	27,827	\$	488,676	
Intergovernmental receivables		17,800		101,604		-	
Community rehabilitation loans, net		-		-		1,535,035	
Accounts receivable		-		-		-	
Due from other funds		61,401		-		-	
Inventories		-		7,966		-	
Total assets	\$	334,691	\$	137,397	\$	2,023,711	
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	29,995	\$	14,525	\$	33,566	
Unearned revenue	Ψ	221,623	Ÿ	- 11,020	Ψ	-	
Due to other funds		83,073		245,667		=	
Total liabilities		334,691		260,192		33,566	
Fund balances (deficits)							
Reserved for inventory		-		7,966		-	
Reserved for loans to participants		-		-		1,535,035	
Unreserved and undesignated		-		(130,761)		455,110	
Total fund balances (deficits)		-		(122,795)		1,990,145	
Total liabilities and fund							
balances (deficits)	\$	334,691	\$	137,397	\$	2,023,711	

		S	pecial Revenue			Debt Service	
	Other						
	Special		J. Bartash				
Re	evenue Funds		Trust Fund	Treehouse	De	ebt Service	Totals
\$	2,897,013	\$	17,581	\$ 20,420	\$	316,212	\$ 4,023,219
	-		-	-		-	119,404
	-		-	-		-	1,535,035
	203,837		-	27,423		-	231,260
	539,457		-	-		-	600,858
	-		-			-	7,966
\$	3,640,307	\$	17,581	\$ 47,843	\$	316,212	\$ 6,517,742
\$	117,923 -	\$	- -	\$ 34,960 17,963	\$	- -	\$ 230,969 239,586
	-		-	85,257		-	413,997
	117,923		-	138,180		-	 884,552
	_		_	<u>-</u>		_	7,966
	=		=	-		=	1,535,035
	3,522,384		17,581	(90,337)		316,212	4,090,189
	3,522,384		17,581	(90,337)		316,212	 5,633,190
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		<u> </u>	
\$	3,640,307	\$	17,581	\$ 47,843	\$	316,212	\$ 6,517,742

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ending June 30, 2008

			Sp	pecial Revenue		
	1	Educational			(Community
		Grant			Rehabilitation	
		Programs		Cafeteria	Program	
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$	2,156,240	\$	641,817	\$	386,791
Sale of food	•	-,	*	1,402,649	*	-
Income from investments		-		-		50,240
Charges for services		-		-		-
Other		-		12,581		231
Total revenues		2,156,240		2,057,047		437,262
EXPENDITURES						
General government		-		-		516,663
Culture & recreation		-		-		-
Human Services		-		-		-
Education		2,156,240		2,111,270		-
Public works		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-
Total expenditures		2,156,240		2,111,270		516,663
Revenues over (under) expenditures		-		(54,223)		(79,401)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in		-		-		<u> </u>
Total other financing sources		-		-		-
Change in fund balances (deficits)		-		(54,223)		(79,401)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), beginning		-		(68,572)		2,069,546
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), ending	\$	-	\$	(122,795)	\$	1,990,145

	Debt							
	Service				Revenue	Special		
							Other	
					rtash		Special	
Totals	 ebt Service	De	reehouse	Tı	Fund	Trust	nue Funds	Rev
4,468,623	\$ -	\$	733,567	\$	-	\$	550,208	\$
1,402,649	=		-		-		-	
149,279	-		-		666		98,373	
1,589,469	-		-		-		1,589,469	
590,922	-		-		-		578,110	
8,200,942	-		733,567		666		2,816,160	
618,319	-		-		-		101,656	
1,275,816	-		-		-		1,275,816	
273,469	-		-		-		273,469	
5,166,024	=		823,904		-		74,610	
254,670	=		-		-		254,670	
680,036	=		-		600		679,436	
6,048,015	6,048,015		-		-		-	
14,316,349	6,048,015		823,904		600		2,659,657	
(6,115,407)	 (6,048,015)		(90,337)		66		156,503	
6,836,687	5,989,670		-		-		847,017	
6,836,687	5,989,670		-		-		847,017	
721,280	(58,345)		(90,337)		66		1,003,520	
4,911,910	374,557		-		17,515		2,518,864	
5,633,190	\$ 316,212	\$	(90,337)	\$	17,581	\$	3,522,384	\$

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are maintained to account for the Town's ongoing organizations and activities that are similar to those found in the private sector. The Town's two nonmajor enterprise funds are:

Child Development – Accounts for the operations of the Windsor Child Development Center which provides day care services to Town residents and to employees of businesses located in Windsor.

Adult Caring Connection – Accounts for the operations of the Windsor Adult Caring Center which provides for the needs of the elderly and handicapped adults of the Town.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

June 30, 2008

	De	Adult Child Caring Development Connection			Total		
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	554,570	\$	550,290	\$	1,104,860	
Customer receivable, net		2,716		105,702		108,418	
Total current assets		557,286		655,992		1,213,278	
Noncurrent Assets:							
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		-		39,493		39,493	
Total assets		557,286		695,485		1,252,771	
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		86,343		28,041		114,384	
Unearned revenue		28,596		-		28,596	
Due to other funds		-		150,000		150,000	
Total current liabilities		114,939		178,041		292,980	
NET ASSETS							
Invested in capital assets		-		39,493		39,493	
Unrestricted		442,347		477,951		920,298	
Total net assets	\$	442,347	\$	517,444	\$	959,791	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the Year Ending June 30, 2008

	<u>D</u>	Child evelopment	C	Adult Caring Connection		Total
Operating Revenues		4 400 400	•	045.000	•	4 040 007
Charges for services	\$	1,168,468	\$	645,399	\$	1,813,867
Operating Expenses						
Salaries and benefits		774,060		324,642		1,098,702
Depreciation		-		26,805		26,805
Administrative expenses		200,956		114,495		315,451
Repairs and maintenance		16,740		10,357		27,097
Fuel and utilities		22,461		17,568		40,029
Outside services		70,972		47,534		118,506
Rent expense		111,985		69,000		180,985
Total operating expenses		1,197,174		610,401		1,807,575
Operating income (loss)		(28,706)		34,998		6,292
Nonoperating Revenues						
Interest income		29,216		32,347		61,563
Change in net assets		510		67,345		67,855
Net Assets, beginning of year		441,837		450,099		891,936
Net Assets, end of year	\$	442,347	\$	517,444	\$	959,791

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Child Development			dult Caring		Totals	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities							
Receipts from customers and users	\$	1,175,445	\$	646,133	\$	1,821,578	
Payments to suppliers	•	(390,396)	*	(249,899)	*	(640,295)	
Payments to employees		(777,084)		(324,643)		(1,101,727)	
Net cash provided by operating		(****,****)		(==1,010)		(1,101,101)	
activities		7,965		71,591		79,556	
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities							
Due to other funds		-		(30,000)		(30,000)	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities							
Interest received		29,216		32,347		61,563	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		37,181		73,938		111,119	
Cash and Cash Equivalents							
Beginning		517,389		476,352		993,741	
Ending	\$	554,570	\$	550,290	\$	1,104,860	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities							
Operating income (loss)	\$	(28,706)	\$	34,998	\$	6,292	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to		(, ,		•		,	
net cash provided by operating activities:							
Depreciation		-		26,805		26,805	
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
Decrease in accounts receivable		3,953		734		4,687	
Increase in accounts payable		29,694		9,054		38,748	
Increase in unearned revenue		3,024		-		3,024	
Net cash provided by							
operating activities	\$	7,965	\$	71,591	\$	79,556	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary Funds – are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for others and include Agency Funds.

Agency Funds – are used to account for various Board of Education and Town activities. They are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and are as follows:

Education Escrow Fund Student Activity Fund Adult Education Performance Bonds Town Escrow Scholarship Fund

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

		Balance ne 30, 2007		Additions	ditions Deletions		Ju	Balance ne 30, 2008
EDUCATION ESCROW								
Assets	¢	51,699	\$	1,554,260	\$	1,418,605	¢	187,354
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	51,099	φ	1,004,200	φ	1,410,003	\$	107,304
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	51,699	\$	1,554,260	\$	1,418,605	\$	187,354
STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS								
Assets					_			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	341,088	\$	903,889	\$	956,436	\$	288,541
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	341,088	\$	903,889	\$	956,436	\$	288,541
ADULT EDUCATION								
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	40,781	\$	49,359	\$	31,902	\$	58,238
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	40,781	\$	49,359	\$	31,902	\$	58,238
PERFORMANCE BONDS								
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	338,336	\$	386,007	\$	229,267	\$	495,076
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	338,336	\$	386,007	\$	229,267	\$	495,076
TOWN ESCROW								
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,327	\$	23	\$	_	\$	5,350
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	5,327	\$	23	\$	-	\$	5,350

(Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -

AGENCY FUNDS, Continued

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Balance June 30, 2007 Additions			Deletions	Balance June 30, 2008	
SCHOLARSHIP FUNDS Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 88,967	\$	168	\$ 2,705	\$	86,430
Liabilities	 	-				
Accounts payable	\$ 88,967	\$	168	\$ 2,705	\$	86,430
TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 866,198	\$	2,893,706	\$ 2,638,915	\$	1,120,989
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 866,198	\$	2,893,706	\$ 2,638,915	\$	1,120,989



CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - NET OF DEPRECIATION

June 30, 2008

	Land	Buildings	Machinery and Equipment		nstruction Progress	Infrastructure	Totals
General Government	\$ 199,857	\$ -	\$ 172,600	\$	_	\$ -	\$ 372,457
Education	324,612	52,526,985	650,285		-	-	53,501,882
Culture and recreation	1,799,890	8,958,881	424,062		-	-	11,182,833
Human services	300,544	152,384	25,046		-	-	477,974
Public services	312,078	4,695,061	621,556		-	-	5,628,695
Public works	1,451,024	3,244,660	1,044,599	3,	975,708	20,863,626	30,579,617
Total	\$ 4,388,005	\$ 69,577,971	\$ 2,938,148	\$ 3,	975,708	\$ 20,863,626	\$ 101,743,458

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED, COLLECTED AND OUTSTANDING

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

			Lawful Corrections							
Grand	Balance						_			Balance
List	Uncollected	Current					T	ransfers to		to be
Year	July 1, 2007	Levy	Additions			Deletions	Suspense			Collected
2006	\$ -	\$ 70,794,062	\$	352,584	\$	(208,925)	\$	-	\$	70,937,721
2005	905,941	-		6,423		(15,417)		-		896,947
2004	292,124	-		2,484		(3,779)		(163,203)		127,626
2003	50,799	-	47			(663)		(47)		50,136
2002	8,894	-	497			-		-		9,391
2001	7,062	-	1,28		-			(160)		8,183
2000	4,628	-		-	-		-			4,628
1999	4,355	-		-	-		-			4,355
1998	5,967	-		140		-		-		6,107
1997	5,762	_		-		-		-		5,762
1996	5,504	-		-		-		-		5,504
1995	5,223	-		-		-		-		5,223
1994	5,045	_		84	84 -		-			5,129
1993	4,775	-		-	-		-			4,775
1992	4,588	_		-	-		-			4,588
	\$ 1,310,667	\$ 70,794,062	\$	363,540	\$	(228,784)	\$	(163,410)	\$	72,076,075

Collections	Col	lections
-------------	-----	----------

Taxes	Interest	Fees	Total	U	Balance ncollected ne 30, 2008
\$ 70,073,117	\$ 312,540	\$ 1,017	\$ 70,386,674	\$	864,604
569,386	139,990	3,710	713,086		327,561
102,979	39,269	768	143,016		24,647
37,231	18,135	322	55,688		12,905
2,489	1,904	27	4,420		6,902
526	1,461	-	1,987		7,657
-	-	-	-		4,628
-	-	-	-		4,355
140	223	-	363		5,967
-	-	-	-		5,762
-	-	-	-		5,504
-	-	-	-		5,223
84	-	-	84		5,045
-	-	-	-		4,775
-		-	-		4,588
\$ 70,785,952	\$ 513,522	\$ 5,844	\$ 71,305,318		1,290,123

Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts

350,000 \$ 940,123

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN BOND INDEBTEDNESS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Description	Interest Rate (%)	Year	Maturity	Amount
2				
Bonded debt:	7 0/7 4/7 9/			
School General Obligation Bonds	7.0/7.1/7.2/ 7.3/7.4/7.5	1987	10/01/07 \$	420.000
	1.3/1.4/1.3	1901	10/01/07 ф	420,000
School General Obligation Bonds	6.6/6.7/6.8/			
· ·	6.9/7.0	1988	4/01/08	900,000
Public Improvements	6.4/6.5/6.6	1991	7/15/11	1,832,000
School General Obligation Bonds	6.4/6.5/6.6	1991	7/15/11	368,000
Public Improvements	4.5/4.6/4.625/4.7/			
	4.75/4.8/4.85/4.9/			
	5.0	1998	2/15/18	1,045,000
School General Obligation Bonds	4.5/4.6/4.625/4.7			
-	4.75/4.8/4.85/4.9			
	5.0	1998	2/15/18	220,000
Public Improvements	5.0-6.5	2000	1/15/20	490,000
School General Obligation Bonds	5.0-6.5	2000	1/15/20	825,000
Dublic Improvements	4.0-5.0	2001	1/15/20	1 250 000
Public Improvements Public Improvement Refunding	4.0-5.0	2001	7/15/15	1,350,000 3,597,380
School General Obligation Bonds	4.0-5.0	2001	1/15/13	3,600,000
School General Obligation Bonds	4.0-5.0	2001	7/15/20	5,540,000
School Refunding	4.0-5.0	2001	7/15/15	7,407,620
			.,,,,,,,	.,,
Public Improvements	3.0-5.0	2002	3/1/2012	800,000
School General Obligation Bonds	3.0-5.0	2002	3/1/2022	3,700,000
Public Improvements	3.0/4.75	2003	3/1/23	1,725,000
School General Obligation Bonds	3.0/4.75	2003	3/1/23	525,000
Colloca Colloral Colligation Donac	0.0/ 1.70	2000	5/ 1/25	020,000
School Projects FY 2004	2.5/4.25	2004	3/1/24	1,180,000
Refunding bonds of 2004	2.5/5.00	2004	6/30/20	4,015,000
General Purpose Bonds of 2004	2.5/4.125	2004	03/01/24	2,205,000
Refunding bonds of 2004	2.75/5.00	2004	6/30/20	2,520,000

Balance July 1, 2007	Additions	Retirements	,	Balance June 30, 2008
•				·
\$ 105,000	\$ -	\$ 105,000	\$	-
225,000	-	225,000		-
1,145,000	-	229,000		916,000
230,000	_	46,000		184,000
		,		,
65,000	-	65,000		-
10,000	-	10,000		-
210,000	-	105,000		105,000
340,000	-	170,000		170,000
205,000	-	100,000		105,000
2,595,460	-	376,190		2,219,270
395,000	-	200,000		195,000
780,000	-	260,000		520,000
5,379,540		788,810		4,590,730
500,000	-	100,000		400,000
3,200,000	-	200,000		3,000,000
1,445,000	_	105,000		1,340,000
450,000	_	25,000		425,000
-100,000	-	20,000		720,000
1,015,000	-	55,000		960,000
3,870,000	-	140,000		3,730,000
1,585,000	_	215,000		1,370,000
2,280,000	_	245,000		2,035,000
,,0		,		,, 3

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN BOND INDEBTEDNESS, Continued

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Description	Interest Rate (%)	Year	Maturity	Amount
Public Improvements Refunding	2.0/5.0	2005	7/15/17 \$	189,000
	2.0/5.0	2005	7/15/19	2,780,000
Public Improvements Refunding Public Improvements Refunding	2.0/5.0	2005	7/15/19	4,305,000
School Refunding	2.0/5.0	2004	7/15/17	826,000
School Refunding	2.0/5.0	2004	7/15/19	900,000
School Projects FY2005	3.0/4.8	2005	6/15/25	5,300,000
School Projects FY2005	3.0/4.0/4.8	2005	6/15/15	445,000
Public Improvements Public Improvements	4.0/5.0	2006	6/15/21	472,000
	4.0/5.0	2006	6/15/16	1,528,000
Public Improvements Public Improvements	4.0/5.0	2007	6/15/17	1,555,000
	3.25-5.0	2008	6/15/23	3,743,000

TOTAL

Balance				Balance		
July 1, 2007	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2008			
\$ 187,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$	187,000		
2,757,000				2,757,000		
4,240,000	-	15,000		4,225,000		
818,000	_	-		818,000		
893,000	-	-		893,000		
5,300,000	_	320,000		4,980,000		
445,000	-	-		445,000		
472,000	_	-		472,000		
1,528,000	-	-		1,528,000		
1,555,000	_	125,000		1,430,000		
-	3,743,000	· -		3,743,000		
\$ 44,225,000	\$ 3,743,000	\$ 4,225,000	\$	43,743,000		

Statistical Section

This part of the Town of Windsor, Connecticut's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

79

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

88

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

96

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

102

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

110

Net Assets By Component Last Six Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year											
		2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008
Governmental activities:												
Invested in capital assets, net of												
related debt	\$	37,493,839	\$	35,633,107	\$	35,903,258	\$	36,691,713	\$	58,558,140	\$	59,634,623
Unrestricted		20,076,262		22,099,832		25,875,738		27,301,646		29,708,858		29,429,858
Total governmental activities												
net assets	\$	57,570,101	\$	57,732,939	\$	61,778,996	\$	63,993,359	\$	88,266,998	\$	89,064,481
Business-type activities:												
Invested in capital assets, net of												
related debt	\$	697,959	\$	620,776	\$	39,977	\$	416,215	\$	324,863	\$	221,335
Unrestricted		(21,735,508)		(16,636,890)		(15,758,142)		(13,260,106)		(10,939,282)		(8,148,396)
Total business-type activities												
net assets	\$	(21,037,549)	\$	(16,016,114)	\$	(15,718,165)	\$	(12,843,891)	\$	(10,614,419)	\$	(7,927,061)
Primary government:												
Invested in capital assets, net of												
related debt	\$	38,191,798	\$	36,253,883	\$	35,943,235	\$	37,107,928	\$	58,883,003	\$	59,855,958
Unrestricted		(1,659,246)		5,462,942		10,117,596		14,041,540		18,769,576		21,281,462
Total primary government		•										
net assets	\$	36,532,552	\$	41,716,825	\$	46,060,831	\$	51,149,468	\$	77,652,579	\$	81,137,420

GASB Statement No. 34 implemented in Fiscal Year 2003, and as such, only six years are shown.

Changes In Net Assets
Last Six Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

			Fisc	al Year		
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
xpenses:						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 8,404,359	\$ 8,290,368	\$ 9,098,239	\$ 9,915,592	\$ 11,124,017	\$ 12,368,532
Culture & recreation	3,375,174	3,129,442	3,339,960	3,373,174	3,579,110	3,932,257
Human services	1,251,782	1,525,642	1,519,473	1,676,685	1,394,386	1,475,799
Public works	3,957,412	4,838,064	5,215,856	5,395,578	7,830,059	7,900,92
Education	53,547,311	58,276,582	58,426,021	62,706,704	64,184,074	68,566,86
Public safety	6,908,418	7,174,676	7,519,211	8,485,227	8,896,151	9,157,35
Interest expense	2,171,416	3,414,738	1,998,227	1,800,092	1,565,521	1,759,33
Total governmental activities expenses	79,615,872	86,649,512	87,116,987	93,353,052	98,573,318	105,161,07
Business-type activities:						
Landfill	5,870,256	2,626,215	2,665,213	2,299,076	2,635,732	2,048,94
Child development	961,617	985,130	1,051,846	1,086,384	1,112,628	1,197,17
Adult caring connection	350,023	449,716	488,524	520,913	567,040	610,40
Total business-type activities expenses	7,181,896	4,061,061	4,205,583	3,906,373	4,315,400	3,856,51
Total primary government expenses	86,797,768	90,710,573	91,322,570	97,259,425	102,888,718	109,017,59
rogram revenue:						
Governmental activities:						
Charges for services:						
General government	2,190,703	2,891,380	2,789,332	2,940,997	4,942,301	2,960,98
Culture & recreation	651,326	748,903	748,281	754,944	773,190	852,13
Human services	442,250	57,831	101,247	104,716	129,631	106,33
Public works	101,310	168,617	96,077	21,880	389,095	66,07
Education	1,496,191	1,836,038	1,551,825	1,620,243	1,690,607	1,797,68
Public safety	460,423	243,743	234,119	316,712	459,739	588,11
Operating grants and contributions:	,	,	•	•	•	,
General government	1,034,903	635,586	468.113	948.699	1,560,661	3,484,53
Culture & recreation	82,162	817,427	97,208	89,484	528,657	77,01
Human services	114,532	248,946	169.050	30.869	144,525	174,97
Public works	215,847	142,507	140,178	202,330	353,997	205,71
Education	11,080,282	13,239,217	14,245,323	16,099,415	14,769,094	19,477,94
Public safety	274,922	76,715	109,668	148,985	154,746	65,23
Capital grants and contributions:	, .	,	,	, . 30		,=•
Education	2,473,868	135,757	2,303,442	933,034	1,159,255	54,13
Total governmental activities	, ,	,	,,,,,,,	,	,	,
program revenue	20,618,719	21,242,667	23,053,863	24,212,308	27,055,498	29,910,87

Changes In Net Assets, Continued Last Six Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			Fisca	al Year		
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Business-type activities:	U.					
Charges for services:						
Landfill	2,627,673	7,652,733	2,581,762	4,576,077	4,020,021	3,645,534
Child development	1,054,687	1,088,460	1,071,303	1,118,647	1,146,713	1,168,468
Adult caring connection	423,786	436,822	553,990	569,973	600,271	645,399
Total business-type activities	' <u>'</u>					
program revenues	4,106,146	9,178,015	4,207,055	6,264,697	5,767,005	5,459,401
Total primary government program						
revenues	24,724,865	30,420,682	27,260,918	30,477,005	32,822,503	35,370,276
Net (expense) revenue:						
Governmental activities	(58,997,153)	(65,406,845)	(64,063,124)	(69,140,744)	(71,517,820)	(75,250,198)
Business-type activities	(3,075,750)	5,116,954	1,472	2,358,324	1,451,605	1,602,883
Total primary government net expense	(62,072,903)	(60,289,891)	(64,061,652)	(66,782,420)	(70,066,215)	(73,647,315)
General revenues and other changes in net assets: Governmental activities:						
Property taxes	58,496,073	62,525,330	64,924,875	67,159,495	69,017,335	71,318,509
Grants and contributions not restricted to						
specific programs	2,743,559	2,352,383	2,031,800	1,944,629	2,627,975	2,587,585
Unrestricted investment earnings	790,900	515,430	1,152,506	2,160,983	2,680,848	2,141,587
Transfers	179,155	176,540	-	90,000	-	-
Total governmental activities	62,209,687	65,569,683	68,109,181	71,355,107	74,326,158	76,047,681
Business-type activities:						
Unrestricted investment earnings	132,753	81,021	296,477	605,950	777,867	1,084,475
Transfers	(179,155)	(176,540)	-	(90,000)	-	-
Total business-type activities	(46,402)	(95,519)	296,477	515,950	777,867	1,084,475
Total primary government	62,163,285	65,474,164	68,405,658	71,871,057	75,104,025	77,132,156
Extraordinary						
State Teachers' on-behalf payments	-	-	-	-	-	(16,366,000)
State Teachers' on-behalf revenue	_	-	-	_	_	16,366,000
	-	-	-	-	-	-
Changes in net assets:						
Governmental activities	3,212,534	162,838	4,046,057	2,214,363	2,808,338	797,483
Business-type activities	(3,122,152)	5,021,435	297,949	2,874,274	2,229,472	2,687,358
Total primary government	\$ 90,382	\$ 5,184,273	\$ 4,344,006	\$ 5,088,637	\$ 5,037,810	\$ 3,484,841

Program Revenues by Function/Program Last Six Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			Fisc	al Year		
Function / Program	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 3,225,606	\$ 3,526,966	\$ 3,257,445	\$ 3,889,696	\$ 6,502,962	\$ 6,445,525
Culture & recreation	733,488	1,566,330	845,489	844,428	1,301,847	929,145
Human services	556,782	306,777	270,297	135,585	274,156	281,304
Public works	317,157	311,124	236,255	224,210	743,092	271,792
Education	15,050,341	15,211,012	18,100,590	18,652,692	17,618,956	21,329,761
Public saftey	735,345	320,458	343,787	465,697	614,485	653,348
Total governmental activities	20,618,719	21,242,667	23,053,863	24,212,308	27,055,498	29,910,875
Business-type activities:						
Landfill	2,627,673	7,652,733	2,581,762	4,576,077	4,020,021	3,645,534
Child development	1,054,687	1,088,460	1,071,303	1,118,647	1,146,713	1,168,468
Adult caring connection	423,786	436,822	553,990	569,973	600,271	645,399
Total business-type activities	4,106,146	9,178,015	4,207,055	6,264,697	5,767,005	5,459,401
Total government	\$ 24,724,865	\$ 30,420,682	\$ 27,260,918	\$ 30,477,005	\$ 32,822,503	\$ 35,370,276

GASB Statement No. 34 implemented in Fiscal Year 2003, and as such, only six years are shown.

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fisca	al Year	•	
	1999	2000		2001	2002
General Fund:					
Reserved/Designated	\$ 511,058	\$ 594,755	\$	300,290	\$ 156,097
Unreserved	6,410,389	5,880,338		6,141,459	7,114,101
Total General Fund	\$ 6,921,447	\$ 6,475,093	\$	6,441,749	\$ 7,270,198
All Other Governmental Funds:					
Reserved	\$ 2,243,284	\$ 5,925,184	\$	23,906,276	\$ 8,656,012
Unreserved, reported in:					
Special revenue funds	2,188,318	2,443,615		2,573,117	2,930,701
Debt service funds	-	-		-	-
Capital projects funds	2,212,650	1,371,985		(7,076,147)	472,476
Total all other government					
funds	\$ 6,644,252	\$ 9,740,784	\$	19,403,246	\$ 12,059,189

Fiscal Year

		1 1300	ai i cai			
2003	2004	2005		2006	2007	2008
\$ 390,848	\$ 494,639	\$ 672,235	\$	906,732	\$ 1,341,582	\$ 701,255
6,492,477	7,226,301	8,852,536		10,116,866	12,268,996	13,169,515
\$ 6,883,325	\$ 7,720,940	\$ 9,524,771	\$	11,023,598	\$ 13,610,578	\$ 13,870,770
\$ 3,709,231	\$ 2,720,243	\$ 5,280,999	\$	1,752,125	\$ 2,727,171	\$ 2,589,674
3,280,885	3,086,465	3,114,867		3,049,496	3,120,411	3,773,977
169,500	-	5,892		330,006	374,557	316,212
 1,136,388	3,748,654	3,962,317		4,432,038	4,959,362	5,897,137
\$ 8,296,004	\$ 9,555,362	\$ 12,364,075	\$	9,563,665	\$ 11,181,501	\$ 12,577,000

Changes In Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

				Fisca	al Yea	ır		
		1999		2000		2001		2002
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	44,638,469	\$	46,723,633	\$	49,514,476	\$	54,072,438
Intergovernmental		14,128,934		16,151,600		19,675,067		22,665,288
Charges for services		1,185,831		848,288		1,360,790		1,431,540
Investment income		1,597,722		2,097,570		2,653,814		1,198,977
Other		3,529,495		3,651,864		4,467,700		5,458,422
Total revenues		65,080,451		69,472,955		77,671,847		84,826,665
Expenditures:								
Education		39,679,180		42,356,370		45,321,252		48,817,000
General government		3,446,618		4,107,144		6,221,559		6,474,084
Culture & recreation		2,732,549		3,086,567		2,836,807		3,018,405
Human services		599,409		327,154		671,728		703,426
Public safety		5,425,627		5,476,220		5,870,306		6,097,867
Public works		5,496,080		5,344,146		3,904,852		3,824,999
Capital outlay		1,297,219		5,230,464		12,401,632		20,459,368
Debt service:								
Principal		2,300,000		2,350,000		2,375,000		2,405,000
Interest		1,554,300		1,571,112		1,619,619		2,073,651
Total expenditures		62,530,982		69,849,177		81,222,755		93,873,800
Excess of revenues (under)								
expenditures		2,549,469		(376,222)		(3,550,908)		(9,047,135)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		4,448,407		5,025,923		5,316,379		5,769,154
Transfers out		(6,449,552)		(7,626,487)		(7,466,380)		(8,192,736)
Issuance of long-term debt		1,565,000		5,565,000		15,145,385		4,955,000
Proceeds of refunding bonds		-		-		11,840,000		-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-		-		(11,894,742)		-
Premium (discount) on long-term debt		-		-		239,357		-
Total other financing sources								
(uses)		(436,145)		2,964,436		13,179,999		2,531,418
Extraordinary Items								
State Teacher's on-behalf payments		-		-		-		=
State Teacher's on-behalf revenues		-		-		-		-
		-		-		-		-
Net changes in fund balance	¢	2,113,324	\$	2,588,214	\$	9,629,091	\$	(6,515,717)
not onanges in fund palance	<u>Ψ</u>	2,110,024	Ψ	2,000,214	Ψ	J,UZJ,UJ I	Ψ	(0,010,717)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		6.7%		6.5%	,	6.2%	,	6.5%
onpolitation of		0.1 /0		0.070		0.270	6.2%	

					Fisca	al Yea	<u> </u>				
	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008
•	50 004 040	•	00 404 040	•	05 005 054	•	00 540 400	•	00 400 004	•	74 000 000
\$	58,684,319	\$	62,484,349	\$	65,305,954	\$	66,518,496	\$	68,138,291	\$	71,336,266
	19,774,504		17,221,656		20,016,051		20,615,304		23,124,106		26,644,488
	5,162,861		5,923,793		5,431,000		5,751,732		8,323,821		6,029,904
	708,183		487,314		1,032,966		2,153,617		2,617,648		2,141,587
	63,358		258,120		233,716		97,204		389,254		880,872
	84,393,225		86,375,232		92,019,687		95,136,353		102,593,120		107,033,117
	51,064,204		53,835,587		56,712,356		60,199,619		62,350,202		66,572,503
	6,829,885		7,300,691		8,859,785		9,374,448		10,395,260		10,469,204
	3,202,924		3,336,166		3,135,121		3,105,934		3,237,562		3,518,880
	809,886		860,718		1,500,025		1,531,655		1,382,043		1,456,296
	6,631,135		6,360,942		6,980,615		7,877,132		8,367,585		8,580,942
	4,054,776		4,242,296		4,825,141		5,090,350		5,457,772		5,500,331
	11,196,549		3,431,405		5,565,439		5,745,462		3,100,481		6,974,255
	2,400,000		3,380,000		3,725,000		3,665,000		3,805,000		4,225,000
	2,191,532		2,246,939		1,990,158		1,938,336		1,847,399		1,823,015
	88,380,891		84,994,744		93,293,640		98,527,936		99,943,304		109,120,426
	(3,987,666)		1,380,488		(1,273,953)		(3,391,583)		2,649,816		(2,087,309
	5,788,841		7,225,073		6,199,793		6,422,153		7,142,489		7,949,387
	(8,328,548)		(10,028,509)		(6,199,793)		(6,332,153)		(7,142,489)		(7,949,387
	2,360,000		3,385,000		5,745,000		2,000,000		1,555,000		3,743,000
	-		6,535,000		9,000,000		-		-		-
	-		(6,550,142)		(8,866,373)		=		-		=
	-		150,063		7,870		-		-		-
	(179,707)		716,485		5,886,497		2,090,000		1,555,000		3,743,000
			·		· · ·						
	-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		_		_		(16,366,000
	-		-		-		-		-		16,366,000
	-		-		-		-		-		-
\$	(4,167,373)	\$	2,096,973	\$	4,612,544	\$	(1,301,583)	\$	4,204,816	\$	1,655,691
	6.3%)	7.4%	1	7.0%	1	6.4%	,)	6.2%)	5.8

TOWN OF WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT

Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

Fiscal			Personal				
Year	ſ	Real Estate	Property	Motor Vehicle	Vehicle		
1999		N/A	N/A	N/A	\$	44,427,308	
2000		N/A	N/A	N/A		46,453,835	
2001		N/A	N/A	N/A		49,076,071	
2002		N/A	N/A	N/A		53,745,020	
2003		N/A	N/A	N/A		58,680,150	
2004	\$	46,513,954	\$ 9,447,147	\$ 6,089,327		62,050,428	
2005		51,304,553	8,598,849	5,037,958		64,941,360	
2006		51,985,365	8,722,593	5,296,418		66,004,376	
2007		53,728,711	8,179,172	5,764,603		67,672,486	
2008		55,659,741	9,298,661	5,827,550		70,785,952	

Source: Town records.

TOWN OF WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	M	Miscellaneous	Personal	Motor
Year	Property	Property	Property		Land	Property	Vehicle
1999	\$ 1,163,175,230	\$ 237,434,400	\$ 217,287,490	\$	34,798,400	\$ 259,311,950	\$ 133,442,170
2000	1,172,091,270	238,899,700	228,395,370		32,055,940	280,677,090	142,034,580
2001	905,610,300	196,566,650	174,269,690		22,581,230	244,392,210	155,774,410
2002	915,276,460	200,378,710	182,331,940		25,233,250	277,806,160	159,544,150
2003	924,273,490	225,516,410	188,070,050		23,953,930	308,154,080	164,100,655
2004	931,840,840	248,214,960	190,953,560		23,342,760	331,037,890	168,337,145
2005	1,254,331,340	325,327,250	180,773,390		36,728,440	335,867,610	159,949,270
2006	1,272,280,520	323,775,700	190,391,740		33,884,690	341,352,590	169,786,997
2007	1,290,055,340	325,320,740	204,604,820		30,552,480	332,285,896	181,808,230
2008	1,307,015,550	344,197,987	220,992,873		31,809,820	366,594,174	184,853,593

Source: Town Assessor's Records

 Total Taxable Assessed Value	Percent Growth	Total Direct Tax Rate	Actual Taxable Value	Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
\$ 2,045,449,640	1.43%	22.10	\$ 2,001,190,680	96.03%
2,094,153,950	2.38%	22.70	2,044,129,510	91.80%
1,699,194,490	(18.86)%	29.70	1,650,906,160	70.00%
1,760,570,670	3.61%	31.20	1,712,678,000	60.60%
1,834,068,615	4.17%	32.60	1,768,511,335	55.70%
1,893,727,155	3.25%	33.57	1,836,550,760	51.60%
2,292,977,300	21.08%	28.83	2,243,767,090	70.00%
2,331,472,237	1.68%	28.73	2,284,745,107	60.12%
2,364,627,506	1.42%	29.30	2,303,286,906	56.74%
2,455,463,997	4.27%	29.30	2,401,738,780	50.73%

TOWN OF WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

			2008					1999	
				Percentage					Percentage
				of Total Town					of Total Town
		Taxable		Taxable			Taxable		Taxable
		Assessed		Assessed			Assessed		Assessed
Тахрауег		Value	Rank	Value	Taxpayer		Value	Rank	Value
IBM & Affiliates	\$	52,835,601	1	2.76	ABB Combustion	\$	55,330,170	1	2.23
Griffin Land & Affiliates		51,545,120	2	2.02	Aetna		40,452,360	2	2.18
Cigna		39,541,740	3	1.81	Cigna		36,309,550	3	1.67
Northeast Utilities		37,066,790	4	1.29	Stanadyne Automotive		25,927,390	4	1.57
Ferraina & Affiliates		31,492,740	5	1.21	Windsor Arbor LP		24,201,560	5	1.33
Advo, Inc.		25,981,330	6	1.02	Griffin land & Affiliates		20,484,520	6	1.10
ABB Combustion		20,766,554	7	0.97	Crown Properties		19,335,240	7	0.88
Windsor Marriot		20,182,094	8	0.82	Konica & Affiliates		16,440,920	8	0.85
Cellco / Verizon Wireless		19,977,410	9	0.61	Catrambone & Affiliates		12,242,880	9	0.84
CRE Griffin LLc	_	18,063,776	10	0.60	Emhart	_	11,991,360	10	0.76
Total	\$	317,453,155		13.06%		\$	262,715,950		13.43%

Source: Town Assessor's Records

Property Tax Levies And Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy Taxes Levied Percentage for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30: Grand List Year Tax Year of Levy Amount \$ 1999 1997 44,377,851 43,931,748 99.00 2000 1998 46,572,130 46,053,666 98.89 2001 1999 49,308,632 98.73 48,683,768 2002 2000 53,896,833 53,183,017 98.68 99.36 2003 2001 58,464,014 58,088,472 2004 2002 98.62 62,122,658 61,264,110 2005 2003 65,006,071 64,366,789 99.02 2006 2004 66,125,430 65,358,104 98.83 2007 2005 68,003,799 67,097,273 98.67 2008 2006 70,794,062 70,073,117 98.98

Source: Town Tax Records

	Total Collectio	ns to Date
Collections in		
Subsequent		Percentage
Years	Amount	of Levy
\$ 495,560	\$ 44,427,308	100.11
400,169	46,453,835	99.75
392,303	49,076,071	99.53
602,035	53,785,052	99.79
721,711	58,309,933	99.74
584,388	61,848,498	99.56
570,806	64,937,595	99.89
608,038	65,832,798	99.56
569,386	67,666,659	99.50
=	_	_

Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Governmental

		Ac	tivities					
	General	Less	Amount	Net	Percentage of	Debt	Percentage of	
Fiscal	Obligation	Ava	ilable in	General	Actual Property	Per	Per Capita	Per
Year	Bonds	Debt	Service	Bonded Debt	Value	Capita	Income	Capita
1999	\$ 36,311,249	\$	-	\$ 36,311,249	1.35%	\$ 968	N/A	N/A
2000	29,070,000		-	29,070,000	1.29%	942	N/A	N/A
2001	42,415,000		-	42,415,000	1.42%	1,059	N/A	N/A
2002	44,965,000		-	44,965,000	2.57%	1,502	N/A	N/A
2003	44,925,000		-	44,925,000	2.54%	1,592	N/A	N/A
2004	45,515,000		-	45,515,000	2.48%	1,596	N/A	N/A
2005	48,140,000		-	48,140,000	2.13%	1,688	N/A	N/A
2006	46,475,000		-	46,475,000	1.99%	1,620	N/A	N/A
2007	44,225,000		-	44,225,000	1.84%	1,536	N/A	N/A
2008	43,743,000		-	43,743,000	1.82%	1,510	N/A	N/A

Source: Town Records N/A - Not Available.

Direct Governmental Activities Debt For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 (Unaudited)

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding
General obligation debt	\$ 43,743,000
Less school construction grants receivable - principal portion only	 1,593,038
Total direct debt	\$ 42,149,962

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

	 1999	2000	2001		2002
Debt limit	\$ 311,218,411	\$ 327,299,000	\$ 345,989,000	\$	346,000,000
Total net debt applicable to limit	 24,737,947	44,175,000	46,975,000		44,240,900
Legal debt margin	 286,480,464	283,124,000	299,014,000		301,759,100
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	 7.95%	13.50%	13.58%	ı	12.79%

 2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
\$ 378,732,515 \$	409,397,583 \$	433,667,479 \$	465,253,446 \$	476,993,454 \$	499,151,226
62,306,576	67,890,707	52,836,789	54,756,185	45,410,454	44,834,962
316,425,939	341,506,876	380,830,690	410,497,261	431,583,000	454,316,264
 16.45%	16.58%	12.18%	11.77%	9.52%	8.98%

SCHEDULE OF DEBT LIMITATION June 30, 2008

	Total tax collections (including interest and lien fees) for the year ended June 30, 2008									
Reimbursement for re Tax relief for elderl		loss:						2,000	_	
Base							\$	71,307,318	_	
Debt limit							\$	499,151,226	=	
Debt Limitation		General Purpose		Schools		Sewer		Urban Renewal		Unfunded Pension Benefit Obligation
2-1/4 times base	\$	160,441,466	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
4-1/2 times base		-		320,882,931		-		-		-
3-3/4 times base		-		-		267,402,443		-		-
3-1/4 times base		-		_		-		231,748,784		-
3 times base		-		-		-		-		213,921,954
Total debt limitation		160,441,466		320,882,931		267,402,443		231,748,784		213,921,954
Debt as defined by statute:										
Bonds payable		22,799,270		20,943,730						
Bond anticipation notes		,. 00, 0		20,0 .0,. 00						
payable		2,345,000								
School construction grants		_,-,-,		(1,593,038)						
Bonds authorized but				(, , ,						
not issued		-		340,000						
Total indebtedness		25,144,270		19,690,692		-		-		
Debt Limitation in excess										
of indebtedness	\$	135,297,196	\$	301,192,239	\$	267,402,443	\$	231,748,784	\$	213,921,954

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal						
Year						
Ended		Personal	Per Capita	Median	School	Unemployment(*)
June 30	Population	Income	Income	Age	Enrollment	Rate
1999	27,450	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,475	3.0%
2000	28,237	N/A	27,633	39.2	4,467	1.9%
2001	28,260	N/A	N/A	39.8	4,542	3.0%
2002	28,519	N/A	N/A	39.8	4,400	4.3%
2003	28,565	N/A	N/A	39.8	4,462	6.0%
2004	28,652	N/A	N/A	39.8	4,394	4.9%
2005	28,565	N/A	N/A	41.39	4,354	4.8%
2006	28,674	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,240	3.7%
2007	28,800	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,150	4.1%
2008	28,977	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,098	4.2%

Source: Town Clerk's Records, School Department Records

TOWN OF WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

		2008		_		1999	
			Percentage	_			Percentage
			of Total Town				of Total Town
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment
ING	2,000	1	9.81%	Asea Brown Boveri	2,400	1	16.88%
Hartford Life	1,450	2	7.11%	Stanadyne, Inc.	1,200	2	8.44%
Alstom Power Systems	1,350	3	6.62%	Aetna	1,200	3	8.44%
Town of Windsor	871	4	4.27%	UTC/Pratt Whitney	1,100	4	7.74%
Stanadyne, Inc.	650	5	3.19%	Town of Windsor	813	5	5.72%
Northeast Utilities	600	6	2.94%	Hartford Life	800	6	5.63%
American Airlines	550	7	2.70%	AMS Services	550	7	3.87%
Westinghouse Electric Company	520	8	2.55%	Konica, Inc.	525	8	3.69%
Bank of America	420	9	2.06%	ADVO, Inc.	450	9	3.16%
Sunlife Financial Services	400	10	1.96%	Moore Business Forms	450	10	3.16%
Permasteelisa NA	400	11	1.96%	Cigna Insurance	400	11	2.81%
Konica Minolta	400	12	1.96%	Barnes Group	350	12	2.46%
CIGNA	400	13	1.96%	Unisource	350	13	2.46%
Valassis	350	14	1.72%	Xerox	350	14	2.46%
Aetna	300	15	1.47%	SS&C	350	15	2.46%

Sources: Town Records

TOWN OF WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT

Full-Time Equivalent Town Government Employees By Functions/Programs Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

		Full-Time Equivalent E	mployees as of June 30	
	1999	2000	2001	2002
Functions/Program				
Police				
Administration	6.00	6.00	7.00	7.25
Support Services	8.00	13.00	10.00	10.00
Uniformed Patrol	52.30	47.30	50.30	50.30
Animal Control	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
<u>Fire</u>				
Fire and Rescue Services	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Parks and Recreation				
Recreation	N/A	N/A	28.50	28.65
Northwest Park Education/Recreation	6.40	6.90	6.25	6.25
Northwest Park Facility/Property Mgt.	2.60	2.60	2.50	2.50
Human Services	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Senior Services	9.90	9.90	4.90	4.25
Youth Services Bureau	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Healthy People Program	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.50
Social Services	N/A	N/A	5.00	5.33
Health Services	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Inspection and Regulation	2.20	2.10	2.00	2.15
Disease prevention and Contol	1.20	1.30	2.40	2.48
Clinic Services	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.71
Emergency Management	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Library Services	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Adult and Teen Services	10.75	11.00	11.00	11.00
Main Library	1.20	0.75	0.75	0.75
Children's Services	3.65	4.15	4.15	4.15
Wilson Services	2.75	3.05	3.35	3.45
Development Services	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Building Safety	5.90	5.00	5.00	6.00
Economic Development	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Planning	2.50	3.00	3.00	3.40
Design Services	2.00	2.00	6.15	6.15
Public Works	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Parks and Grounds	9.70	12.20	13.20	13.80
Town Buildings	2.00	3.50	3.50	3.75
Pavement	8.00	12.00	10.50	8.00
Stormwater Drainage	4.00	4.00	4.00	3.00
Traffic Safety and Community Support	5.50	8.00	8.00	8.00
Equipment Repair	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.50
Storm Control	7.50	N/A	N/A	N/A
Information Services	7.50	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A
Town Clerk	3.25	3.75	3.75	3.25
Public Relations	3.25	1.75	1.00	1.00
Administrative Services	5.25 N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	9.50	8.00	8.00	8.00
Financial Accounting and Reporting Human Services	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Information Technology	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Risk Management	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Property Valuation Tax Collection	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
General Government	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20
	4 50	2 50	2 50	4.00
Town Manager	1.50	3.50	3.50	4.00
Town Treasurer	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25

Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of June 30								
2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008			
6.50	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00			
13.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	11.00	11.00			
48.30	48.80	45.80	43.80	46.30	46.30			
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00			
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00			
29.85	29.15	27.19	27.58	27.04	27.85			
6.75	6.25	6.25	6.14	5.63	5.23			
2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.47	1.97			
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
5.25	4.80	5.48	5.48	5.48	6.37			
N/A	N/A	2.30	2.00	2.00	1.85			
2.50	2.50	4.12	3.37	1.45	3.37			
5.66	5.00	6.25	6.25	5.25	6.17			
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
2.15	2.01	2.38	2.09	2.12	2.66			
2.48	2.35	1.53	1.43	1.42	1.45			
0.71	0.64	0.72	0.63	0.58	0.65			
N/A	N/A	0.08	0.45	0.38	0.45			
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
11.00	10.50	10.50	9.90	10.67	11.17			
0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	1.25	0.60			
3.85	3.85	3.85	3.85	3.57	3.75			
3.45	3.45	3.45	3.45	3.45	3.45			
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
6.00	6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25	5.25			
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00			
3.40	3.50	3.50	3.50	4.00	4.00			
6.15	5.15	6.94	6.15	5.90	5.90			
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
12.20	11.45	13.75	11.95	11.50	11.50			
4.20	4.20	4.25	4.25	4.05	4.40			
8.00	7.00	7.50	7.92	8.00	8.00			
3.00	3.00	4.00	2.92	3.00	3.00			
7.50	8.00	7.00	8.00	7.00	7.00			
3.40	3.40	3.40	3.40	3.40	3.40			
					0.00			
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.00	0.00			
3.25	3.20	3.20	3.20	3.20	3.20			
1.00	1.20	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00			
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
8.00	6.12	6.62	7.12	7.12	6.75			
3.00	2.75	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00			
3.00	2.50	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00			
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00			
3.00	3.00	3.23	3.23	3.00	3.00			
2.30	2.30	2.65	2.54	2.54	2.54			
2.30	2.30	2.03	2.J 4	2.34	2.34			
4.00	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.40	3.40			
0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25			
= 0								

Full-Time Equivalent Town Government Employees By Functions/Programs, Continued Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of June 30					
	1999	2000	2001	2002		
unctions/Program						
Landfill Enterprise Fund						
Landfill Operations	4.20	4.30	7.80	8.50		
Landfill Recycling & Composting	2.80	2.70	2.70	N/A		
Adult Daycare Enterprise Fund						
Administration	0.50	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Nursing	1.20	1.50	2.25	1.50		
Social Work	0.60	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Therapeutic Recreation	1.40	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Transportation	2.40	2.00	2.00	4.50		
Child Development Enterprise Fund						
Infant/Toddler Programs	4.80	5.25	5.82	5.82		
Preschool/Kindergarten Programs	8.90	9.21	10.04	9.78		
Elementary Programs	3.53	4.44	3.47	3.97		
Community Development						
Community Development (CDBG)	2.75	2.70	2.00	2.00		
<u>Grants</u>		-	-	-		
Total	220.68	225.90	262.83	266.09		

Source: Town Payroll Records

2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
	2001	2000	2000	2007	2000
8.60	8.60	10.00	9.00	8.60	8.60
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
3.00	4.00	4.00	3.50	4.00	3.75
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
1.00	2.50	1.50	2.00	1.50	1.50
2.50	3.25	3.50	3.00	3.75	3.75
5.64	5.64	5.64	5.69	5.64	5.69
9.51	9.51	9.51	9.61	9.76	9.56
4.35	4.35	4.35	4.45	4.35	3.15
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00

Operating Indicators By Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Calendar Year						
Function/Program	1999	2000	2001	2002			
Police:							
Calls for service	45,853	47,325	48,826	49,185			
Adult arrest	N/A	N/A	1,964	N/A			
Juvenile arrest	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Speeding citations only	672	644	824	836			
Traffic citations	2,872	2,733	2,750	3,064			
Fire:							
Total fire runs	841	825	786	756			
Total rescue runs	241	250	306	312			
Building safety:							
Total all building permits	N/A	1,823	1,961	876			
Total construction value all permits	N/A \$	42,732,361	\$ 107,335,416	\$ 31,735,965			
Library, volumes in collection	126,903	128,987	136,992	N/A			
Parks and Recreation:							
Recreation program attendance	N/A	N/A	8,500	11,000			
Aquatics program attendance	3,900	4,000	4,250	4,500			

Source: Town Records

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\sim	100	~~	Year

Galeriuai Tear								
2003		2004		2005		2006	2007	2008
45,992		38,073		39,883		44,966	48,751	47,869
1,560		1,792		1,775		1,776	2,094	1,946
147		169		175		104	114	95
401		314		431		237	254	N/A
3,698		3,698		5,290		6,288	5,768	4,018
685		807		879		925	899	1,108
181		233		244		275	322	350
2,021		2,445		2,156		1892	2002	1662
\$ 47,340,144	\$	54,206,020	\$	69,732,092	\$	76,327,630 \$	270,879,957 \$	154,596,155
N/A		N/A		N/A		132,041	132,289	136,905
14,850		14,850		15,000		15,000	8,272	9,948
4,500		4,500		3,500		3,500	2,000	2,000

Capital Asset Statistics By Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Stations 1 1 1 1 1 Zone Offices 1 1 1 1 1 Fire, Fire Stations 4 4 5 5 Public Works: Streets (Miles) 138 138 138 138 138 Traffic Signals 50 50 50 50 50 Parks & Recreation: Acreage 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 Parks 23 23 23 23 23 23 Baseball/Softball Diamonds 20 20 20 20 20 In-line Hockey Rinks -	Function/Program	1999	2000	2001	2002
Stations 1 1 1 1 1 Zone Offices 1 1 1 1 Fire, Fire Stations 4 4 5 5 Public Works: Streets (Miles) 138	Police:				
Zone Offices 1 1 1 1 Fire, Fire Stations 4 4 5 5 Public Works: Streets (Miles) 138 138 138 138 Streets (Miles) 138 138 138 138 Traffic Signals 50 50 50 50 Parks Recreation:		1	1	1	1
Fire, Fire Stations 4 4 5 5 Public Works: Streets (Miles) 138 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 110 110 117 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 121 21 21 <					1
Public Works: Streets (Miles) 138	Fire, Fire Stations			5	5
Traffic Signals 50 50 50 50 Parks & Recreation: Acreage 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 Parks 23 23 23 23 23 Baseball/Softball Diamonds 20 20 20 20 In-line Hockey Rinks - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Traffic Signals 50 50 50 50 Parks & Recreation: Acreage 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 Parks 23 23 23 23 23 Baseball/Softball Diamonds 20 20 20 20 In-line Hockey Rinks - </td <td>Streets (Miles)</td> <td>138</td> <td>138</td> <td>138</td> <td>138</td>	Streets (Miles)	138	138	138	138
Parks & Recreation: Acreage 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 Parks 23 23 23 23 Baseball/Softball Diamonds 20 20 20 20 In-line Hockey Rinks - - - - Soccer/Football Fields 17 17 17 17 Basketball Courts 3 3 3 3 Tennis Courts 21 21 21 21 21 Swimming pools 4 4 4 4 Parks with Playground Equipment 14 14 14 14 Picci Shelters 3 3 3 3 Community Centers 1 1 1 1 1 Library: Facilities 2 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>					
Parks 23 23 23 23 Baseball/Softball Diamonds 20 20 20 20 In-line Hockey Rinks - - - - Soccer/Football Fields 17 17 17 17 Basketball Courts 3 3 3 3 Tennis Courts 21 22 22 2 <td>Parks & Recreation:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Parks & Recreation:				
Parks 23 23 23 23 Baseball/Softball Diamonds 20 20 20 20 In-line Hockey Rinks - - - - Soccer/Football Fields 17 17 17 17 Basketball Courts 3 3 3 3 Tennis Courts 21 22 22 2 <td>Acreage</td> <td>1,500</td> <td>1,500</td> <td>1,500</td> <td>1,500</td>	Acreage	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500
In-line Hockey Rinks	Parks			·	•
Soccer/Football Fields 17 17 17 17 Basketball Courts 3 3 3 3 Tennis Courts 21 21 21 21 Swimming pools 4 4 4 4 Parks with Playground Equipment 14 14 14 14 Picnic Shelters 3 3 3 3 3 Community Centers 1 2 2 2	Baseball/Softball Diamonds	20	20	20	20
Basketball Courts 3 3 3 3 Tennis Courts 21 21 21 21 Swimming pools 4 4 4 4 Parks with Playground Equipment 14 14 14 14 Picnic Shelters 3 3 3 3 3 Community Centers 1 2 2	In-line Hockey Rinks	-	-	-	-
Tennis Courts 21 21 21 21 21 Swimming pools 4 4 4 4 4 Parks with Playground Equipment 14 <t< td=""><td>Soccer/Football Fields</td><td>17</td><td>17</td><td>17</td><td>17</td></t<>	Soccer/Football Fields	17	17	17	17
Swimming pools 4 4 4 4 Parks with Playground Equipment 14 14 14 14 Picnic Shelters 3 3 3 3 3 Community Centers 1 1 1 1 1 Library: Facilities 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 N/A Water: Storage Capacity (MGPD) 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 Average Daily Consumption (MGPD) 58.71 55.52 59.52 57.13 57.13 98.09 90.83 9	Basketball Courts	3	3	3	3
Parks with Playground Equipment 14 14 14 14 Picnic Shelters 3 3 3 3 Community Centers 1 1 1 1 1 Library: Facilities 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 N/A Water: Storage Capacity (MGPD) 105 105 105 105 105 Average Daily Consumption (MGPD) 58.71 55.52 59.52 57.18 57.18 98.09 90.88 90.88 Wastewater: Sanitary Sewers (miles) 1034.23 1037.63 1044.27 1048.19 55.07 53.63 67.90 69.03	Tennis Courts	21	21	21	21
Picnic Shelters 3 3 3 3 Community Centers 1 1 1 1 1 Library: Facilities 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 N/A Water: Storage Capacity (MGPD) 105 <td>Swimming pools</td> <td>4</td> <td>4</td> <td>4</td> <td>4</td>	Swimming pools	4	4	4	4
Community Centers 1 1 1 1 1 Library: Facilities 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 N/A Water: Water: Storage Capacity (MGPD) 105	Parks with Playground Equipment	14	14	14	14
Library: Facilities 2 2 2 2 2 Volumes 126,903 128,987 136,992 N/A Water: Storage Capacity (MGPD) 105 105 105 105 Average Daily Consumption (MGPD) 58.71 55.52 59.52 57.16 Peak Consumption (MGPD) 97.61 87.45 98.09 90.86 Wastewater: Sanitary Sewers (miles) 1034.23 1037.63 1044.27 1048.19 Storm Sewers (miles) 53.63 53.63 67.90 69.03	Picnic Shelters	3	3	3	3
Facilities 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 Volumes N/A Water: Storage Capacity (MGPD) 105	Community Centers	1	1	1	1
Volumes 126,903 128,987 136,992 N/A Water: Storage Capacity (MGPD) 105 105 105 105 Average Daily Consumption (MGPD) 58.71 55.52 59.52 57.18 Peak Consumption (MGPD) 97.61 87.45 98.09 90.89 Wastewater: Sanitary Sewers (miles) 1034.23 1037.63 1044.27 1048.19 Storm Sewers (miles) 53.63 53.63 67.90 69.03	Library:				
Water: Storage Capacity (MGPD) 105 105 105 105 Average Daily Consumption (MGPD) 58.71 55.52 59.52 57.13 Peak Consumption (MGPD) 97.61 87.45 98.09 90.81 Wastewater: Sanitary Sewers (miles) 1034.23 1037.63 1044.27 1048.19 Storm Sewers (miles) 53.63 53.63 67.90 69.03	Facilities	2	2	2	2
Storage Capacity (MGPD) 105 105 105 Average Daily Consumption (MGPD) 58.71 55.52 59.52 57.13 Peak Consumption (MGPD) 97.61 87.45 98.09 90.83 Wastewater: Sanitary Sewers (miles) 1034.23 1037.63 1044.27 1048.19 Storm Sewers (miles) 53.63 53.63 67.90 69.03	Volumes	126,903	128,987	136,992	N/A
Average Daily Consumption (MGPD) 58.71 55.52 59.52 57.13 Peak Consumption (MGPD) 97.61 87.45 98.09 90.86 Wastewater: Sanitary Sewers (miles) 1034.23 1037.63 1044.27 1048.19 Storm Sewers (miles) 53.63 53.63 67.90 69.00	Water:				
Peak Consumption (MGPD) 97.61 87.45 98.09 90.88 Wastewater: Sanitary Sewers (miles) 1034.23 1037.63 1044.27 1048.19 Storm Sewers (miles) 53.63 53.63 67.90 69.03	Storage Capacity (MGPD)	105	105	105	105
Wastewater: Sanitary Sewers (miles) 1034.23 1037.63 1044.27 1048.19 Storm Sewers (miles) 53.63 53.63 67.90 69.00	Average Daily Consumption (MGPD)	58.71	55.52	59.52	57.18
Sanitary Sewers (miles) 1034.23 1037.63 1044.27 1048.19 Storm Sewers (miles) 53.63 53.63 67.90 69.00	Peak Consumption (MGPD)	97.61	87.45	98.09	90.85
Storm Sewers (miles) 53.63 53.63 67.90 69.00	Wastewater:				
·	Sanitary Sewers (miles)	1034.23	1037.63	1044.27	1048.19
Combination Sanitary and Storm (miles) 158.58 158.58 159.00 159.79	Storm Sewers (miles)	53.63	53.63	67.90	69.03
	Combination Sanitary and Storm (miles)	158.58	158.58	159.00	159.70

Source: Town Records & Metropolitan District Commission (MDC)

2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
5	5	5	5	5	5
138	138	138	138	138	138
50	50	50	50	50	50
1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500
23	23	23	23	23	23
20	20	20	20	20	20
- -	- -	- -	- -	20	20
17	17	17	17	17	17
3	3	3	3	3	3
21	21	21	21	21	21
4	4	4	4	4	4
14	14	14	14	14	14
3	3	3	3	3	3
1	1	1	1	1	2
2	2	2	2	2	2
142,555	N/A	N/A	132,041	132,289	136,905
105	105	105	105	N/A	N/A
55.10	54.71	55.43	52.56	N/A	N/A
76.74	76.19	87.79	80.49	N/A	N/A
1054.60	1059.36	1062.94	1067.87	N/A	N/A
69.07	69.30	69.78	69.78	N/A	N/A
160.35	160.35	160.17	160.17	N/A	N/A